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ILLINOIS STATE GAZETTE

AND JACKSONVILLE NEWS.

S. S. BROOKS,] "A TIDE OF MANY STREAMS AGAINST THE FOES OF THE PEOPLE." [EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

VOL. III. JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1837. NO. 26.

THE GAZETTE AND NEWS,
Is published every Thursday,
IN THE EAST ROOM OF THE MARKET HOUSE.

TERMS.—Two Dollars and fifty cents, payable in advance, or three dollars if paid at the end of six months; and when payment is delayed until the end of the year, three dollars and fifty cents will be invariably demanded. No paper will be forwarded if payment is not made in advance, unless the responsibility of the subscriber is known to the Editor, or vouched for by some one who is.

Terms of Advertising.—For twelve lines or less, One Dollar for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each additional insertion. Longer ones in a proportionate rate.

RECEPTION OF THE INDIANS AT BOSTON.

The visit of the delegations of Sacs and Foxes, Sioux and Ioways to Boston, will be a remarkable incident in their history. It is a most gratifying circumstance, and one that demands the cordial and respectful acknowledgments of the proper authorities of the General Government, that from the momen of their arrival in that city to that of their departure from it, they were the objects of the care and attention of the city and the State. The Mayor met them at the depot of the railroad, and during the whole time they were in the city, he exerted his personal and official influence to secure them from intrusion that might have been unpleasant to them.—His Excellency Governor Everett, manifested great solicitude to promote the same objects. To both these gentlemen, the thanks, not only of the General Government, but of the country, are due, for the measures they adopted to accomplish the great purposes of the visit of the delegations, which were to give them correct ideas of the power of the United States, and at the same time impress them with a conviction of the friendly disposition of their white brethren towards them. To the inhabitants of Boston, and the towns around it, the first appearance among them of red men from the banks of the Mississippi and Missouri must have been full of interest. We give place to-day to an account, which we find in the Boston Advocate, of the proceedings on Monday last, at the State House, and on the Common. That of their reception by the Mayor in Faneuil Hall shall appear hereafter. The copy of the paper containing it, has been unfortunately mislaid.—*Globe.*

From the Boston Advocate of October 31.

The ceremony of receiving the Indian Chiefs in the Council Hall of the State, took place yesterday in a very imposing and proper manner. The almost entire population of the city were in motion, and assembled in dense masses on the Common and around the State House. No public spectacle in the history of the city ever assembled such a multitude; and yet our orderly population acted as their own police officers, and preserved a decorum without parallel in the progress of the Indians through the United States.

In the morning from ten to twelve, the Chiefs held a levee for the ladies exclusively in Faneuil Hall. It was crowded in every part, floor and gallery, by our fair citizens, who did not behave as civil as the men.

At 2 o'clock the Chiefs arrived in the Representatives Hall, having been escorted by the Lancers.—The galleries of the hall were filled with ladies, the seats below by members of the Legislature, etc. reserving the settees in the area for the guests. It was impossible to have admitted more without preventing the ceremonies.

THE TALK WITH THE CHIEFS IN THE STATE HOUSE.

The Chiefs being seated in the area of the hall, Governor Everett, from the Speaker's chair, addressed the audience. He informed them that our guests were a deputation from the united tribes of Sacs and Foxes, who had visited Washington to conclude a treaty with the Government, explanatory of the great treaty of 1836, relating to the boundaries of lands. The seat of the tribes is between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers, at the head waters of the river Des Moines, in the territory of Wisconsin, running down to the north line of Missouri.—The number of the tribes is 6,000, and they count 1,400 braves capable of bearing arms. Their language belongs, in common, to the tribe of Massachusetts and others that once occupied the place where we are. The other band of Indians are the Ioways and Missouri Sacs and Foxes west of the Mississippi, and a deputation of the Yankton tribe of Sioux Indians, who roam without any fixed habitation.—These last left the city to-day, on their return to their hunting grounds.

Our friends who are present of the Mississippi Sacs and Foxes, consist of the principal chief, Keokuck, and four chiefs united with him, two of the Sac and two of the Fox tribes. They are the chiefs of villages. Several of the chiefs and warriors are attended with their wives, (five in number,) and there are five children; one of them, a boy ten years of age, named Musanwont, is the son of the principal Chief, Keokuck. Their language is extremely limited, and in addressing them through an interpreter, it is necessary to appeal to objects of the senses rather than the understanding. To convey to them an abstract idea requires a tedious process of explanation by comparisons with sensible objects.—The audience would thus be aware that in the addresses to them and their replies, there would be much simplicity; and, if any thing occurred that might excite pleasantry, it was desirable to avoid any expression, lest it should seem to our guests, whose distinguishing national characteristic is gravity, to border on the ridiculous. For himself he should take as little time as possible, in order that it might be left for our guests.

The Governor then proceeded to address the Chiefs in the following manner, which was interpreted to them by sentences, the Chiefs, at each sentence, uttering an emphatic *ugh!*

"Chiefs and Warriors of the united Sac and Fox tribes, you are welcome to our Hall of Council.—You have come a far way from your homes in the West to visit your white brethren. We are glad to take you by the hand.

"We have heard before of the Sacs and Foxes—our travellers have told us the names of their great men and chiefs: we are glad to see them with our own eyes. [A very emphatic *ugh!* The savage as well as the sage, is pleased with a little neat flattery.]

"We are called the Massachusetts. It is the name of the red men that once lived here. In former times, the red man's wigwam stood on these fields, and his council fires were kindled on this spot.

"When our fathers came over the great waters, they were a small band. The red man stood on the rock by the sea side, and looked at them. He might have pushed them into the water and drowned them; but he took hold of their hands and said, Welcome, white man! Our fathers were hungry, and the red man gave them corn and venison. Our fathers were cold, and the red man spread his blanket over them and made them warm.

"We are now grown great and powerful, but we remember the kindness of the red man to our fathers.

"Brothers! our faces are pale and yours red, but our hearts are alike. The Great Spirit has made his children of different complexions, but he loves them all.

"Brothers! you dwell between the Mississippi and the Missouri—they are mighty streams. They have great arms—one stretches out to the east and the other away west to the Rocky Mountains. But they make one river, and they run together into the sea.

"Brothers! we dwell in the East and you live in the far West, but we are one family—of many branches, but one head.

"Brothers! as you passed through the Hall below, you stopped to look at the image of our great father, Washington. It is a cold stone, and can not speak to you. But our great father, Washington, loved his red children, and bade us love them also. He is dead, but his words have made a great print in our hearts, like the step of a strong buffalo on the clay in the prairies.

"My Brother, (addressing Keokuck) I perceive by your side your young child sitting in the council hall with you. May the Great Spirit preserve the life of your son. May he grow up by your side like the tender sapling by the side of the mighty oak. May you long flourish both together, and when the mighty oak is fallen in the forest, may the young tree take its place, and spread out its branches over the tribe.

"Brothers! I make you a short talk, and bid you welcome once more to our council hall."

Keokuck, the principal chief, arose, and first shaking hands with the Governor and others near him, commenced speaking with earnest emphasis, and much graceful gesticulation, holding his staff, which he frequently shifted from hand to hand.—The grave and dignified countenance of Keokuck is deeply impressive, and the expansion of his broad chest gives him the appearance of great muscular power. The interpreter, as far as we could understand him, gave the following version. Much of its aptness and imagery is undoubtedly lost to us by an imperfect version:

"Keokuck and his Chiefs are very much gratified that they have had the pleasure of shaking hands with the head man or Governor of this great State, and also with all the men that surround him.

"You well say, brother, that the Great Spirit has made both of us, though your color is white and mine is red; but he made your heart and mine the same. The only difference I find is, he made you speak one language, and I another. He made the same heaven (or sky) above our heads for both. He gave us hands to take each other by, and eyes to see each other. I wish to take all present by the band, to shake hands with all my white brethren.

"I am very happy to say before I die that I have been in the great house where my fathers and your fathers used to speak together as we now do. And I hope the Great Spirit is pleased with this sight, and will long continue to keep friendship between the white and red men. I hope that now, in this presence, he sees us; and hears our hearts profess friendship to each other; and that he will aid us in what we are now engaged in.

"My remarks are short, and this is what I have to say to you. I take my friends all by the hand and wish the Great Spirit to give them all a blessing."

Wapella, a principal chief of the Fox nation, apparently next in rank to Keokuck, arose and shook hands.

"I am very happy (he said) to meet my friends in the land of my forefathers. When a boy, I recollect my grandfather told me of this place where the white man used to take our fathers by the hand. I am very happy that this island has induced so many white men to come on it; by that I think they got a living on it, and I am pleased they can content themselves to stay on it. [Great applause.] I am always glad to give the white man my hand, and call him brother. The white man is the eldest of the two, but perhaps, you may have heard that my tribe is respected by all others, and is the oldest among the tribes. I have shaken hands with a great many tribes of different people. I am very much gratified that I have lived to come and talk with the white man in this house, where my fathers talked, which I have heard of so many years ago. I will go home and tell all I have seen, and it shall never be forgotten by my children."

Powesheek, a principal Chief of the Foxes said—

"A remark has passed between you and my chief concerning our forefathers. I have been wishing to see the place where my forefathers took the white man by the hand, and my children shall not forget it. I shall never forget it. My friends and Chiefs are all pleased at this visit. May the Great Spirit bless you, and may we all live as brethren, as our fathers did when your fathers first landed on this shore."

Apponose, a Sac Chief of a village, made the most animated speech in manner and matter that was delivered by the Chiefs. He said—

"You have heard just now what my Chief has to say. All our Chiefs and Warriors are very much gratified at their visit to this town. Last Saturday they were invited to a great house, (Faneuil Hall,) and now they are in the great Council Hall. They are very much pleased with so much attention.—This we can not reward you for now, but shall not forget it, and hope the Great Spirit will reward you for it. This is the place which our forefathers once inhabited. I have often heard my father and grandfather say they lived near the sea coast where the white man first came. I am glad to hear all this from you. I suppose it is put in a book where you learn all these things. As far as I can understand the language of the white people, it appears to me that the Americans have attained a very high stand among the white people. It is the same with us, though I say it myself. Where I live, beyond the Mississippi, I am respected by all people, and they consider me the tallest among them. I am happy that two great men meet and shake hands with each other." [Shaking the Governor's hand. Great applause.]

The head Chief and principal Chiefs of villages having spoken and shaken hands, the principal war Chiefs followed in that ceremony, they being distinct in their rank and office from the other Chiefs.

Buffaloe (the head War Chief,) said: I am much pleased with the conversations I have heard with our Chiefs, and glad you took notice of the boy, (Keokuck's son.) He will also be a Chief like his father. The Chiefs who have spoken to you are Chiefs of villages. As for my part, I have nothing to do with the villages. I fight for the villages, and I fight for the women and children. (Applause.)

Appanoseokema, a War Chief of an exceeding muscular and athletic frame, said: "I am very happy to shake hands with you. I shake hands with you with all my heart. I am too happy to come to the village where the white and red man first met. My Chiefs and friends sitting round here are very glad at this scene. Although we have no paper to put your words down, we don't forget a good talk, good council, or good advice, when we meet friends. For my part, I rank among the braves. These are my arms. They are all my defence; but I wish to leave them in this house, that the white man may recollect they were put here by the red man who came far from the West. My present may not be agreeable to you. It is ugly, but it is given with a good heart."

He then disrobed himself of his head dress, necklace, wampum belt, moccasins, and arms, leaving only his blanket and leggins, and laid them on the table.

Black Hawk next came forward. His appearance was quite a dash to all our romantic associations with his name. He appeared old and squalid, with a dirty handkerchief round his head, a soiled shirt, and, altogether, he was the least imposing of any of them. He spoke through a different interpreter, who rendered him very awkwardly.

He said he liked to hear them talk of the Great Spirit. When we first met the white men, we thought they were French. They were our brothers. You are our brothers. Your heart is white, and mine is white also. Now they are giving our Chiefs medals. So did the French, and hung them on our necks when they first came here. I think the Great Spirit is listening to the conversation between us. The conversation has pleased me very much. I have lived a long time between the Missouri and Mississippi. I like to hear you talk of them. I have got old now, but I am a man, and so are you. I can not shake hands with you all. In shaking hands with you, I wish to shake hands with all the women and men I see here.

Keokuck presented his son to the Governor, and said: He is young, but he has a good heart, and I hope will never forget what has passed here.

A War Chief presented a pipe. This, he said, is one of our principal ornaments. I give it in token of amity.

A young and animated War Chief presented a highly decorated war club.

"I am very happy," he said, "to see my Chiefs have a little conversation with you. I am a part white myself. My grandfather was a Frenchman, but I followed the counsel and advice of my Chief. I am afraid of my Chief. My father is an old man. He put me under the Chief. You see how I have followed his advice. I am a Brave. My father has often told me of this place, where the white men first came. It was not so old a story then. I am glad to meet you here in that place, and hear you. I am young, and will follow the advice of my Chief, and will tell my young warriors to do so. I leave this war club for my friendship."

All the Chiefs having spoken who desired to do so, the Governor then said to them:

"We have listened to your speeches with the greatest pleasure, and thank you for the gifts you have laid on our council table. We are only one of the council fires of the nation, and we have no right to present our red brethren with medals; that must be done by our Great Father at Washington. I shall now have the pleasure of offering them some of the white man's arms in exchange for theirs. Also, some few articles of dress for the women and children. They are of little value in themselves; but I hope they will receive them as a token of friendship and good will."

The Governor and Chiefs then repaired to the balcony, where presents were made to the great delight of the Indians. Keokuck had a splendid sword and brace of pistols; his little son, a pretty little rifle. The principal Chiefs were presented with long swords, and the others with short ones. Black Hawk had a sword and pistols; shawls, calico, and trinkets were given to the women. During this ceremony, a mass of at least fifteen *acres* of people stood below, filling the streets and Common. The Chiefs were escorted to the Common by the Cadets, and began their war dance. The crowd very patiently kept outside the lines, leaving a space of many acres, in the centre of which were the Indians. Their war exercises were not very striking. One beat a drum, to which they hummed monotonously, and jumped about grotesquely. This lasted half an hour, and they then moved off in carriages to their lodgings. The whole affair was extremely well managed. The military were in fine order, and the multitude patient and exceedingly well behaved, except the genteel ladies, who are always the worst mobocrats and most selfish entities in a crowd. The Governor deported himself in a highly becoming and unostentatious manner; the service done by the Lancers in preserving the lines was deserving general thanks, and on the whole, as many of the public were gratified as could be possibly anticipated on such an occasion. Many were squeezed, but nobody hurt. Some coughs and colds will be caught by sitting on the ground, though the day was very mild for the season; but we shall all have it to say we have seen the Indians.

We close this narrative with the judicious remarks of the editor of the Advocate:

We have taken pains to give the speeches of the Indian Chiefs with verbal accuracy, as a matter of high intellectual curiosity. History, romance and poetry, have embodied the Indian character to our perceptions from childhood. It is pleasant, therefore, to see the original, and find how accurate the picture has been. The language, ideas, and style of these Indians, are precisely such as have been ascribed to their race. There is much to admire in the simple and manly manner in which they convey their ideas. He must be a churl who does not associate with their visit here objects of philanthrophy and protection to their race.

From the Newark Daily Advertiser.

THE MECHANIC ABOVE HIS BUSINESS.

"I have often heard," said uncle Benjamin, "that puss in gloves catches no mise." And this has been very much in my mind lately, when I observe how great is the ambition of our young sparks to be thought gentlemen.

Surely, father, said Sammy, you have no objection to a man's dressing himself decently.—"Not at all, Sammy; a man may be decent, tidy, and elegant as you please; but all in its proper place. I often hear people asking why Sunderland, which is one of our villages, thrives so little; and I always answer, because the master-workmen are never in in their shirt-sleeves.—You may see them at their shop doors, in Sunday trim, before they have got their third apprentice." Then, father, you would have a man always in his apron. "Not at all, Sammy, I say again. When I was a lad, we made ourselves smart every evening; on Saturday nights we took a little foretaste of Sunday; and when Sunday came, every man was rigged out in his best; and a very pretty sight it was, I assure ye, to see an old-time beau; his hair in powder, prettily clubbed—plated stock buckle—ditto for knees and shoes—small clothes and white stockings—and posy in the bosom. But then we earned it fairly by hard knocks. In working hours there was no play; and no man was ashamed to labor. But now-a-days, there is a great rage for being over-genteel. I often spy a rich waistcoat and gold chain under a butcher's frock, and see young mechanics twiddling their rattans in the streets, when they ought to have their coats off." But you may allow that a man may do a good stroke of work, with a clean shirt and decent vest. "Very good; perhaps he may in some sorts of business. Let every man be as neat as his work will allow, but a collier will have a black face; and he is a poor carpenter who makes no chips. But I am thinking of more than mere dress.

"Too many of our working men are ashamed of that which is their honor, namely, their trade. When they appear in Broadway they wear gloves, and ape the coxcombs who never do any thing." Father, father, said Sammy, I am afraid you would have mechanics reduced to an inferior caste, who must never rise, but forever look up to the richer folks as the lords of creation. "There you mistake me greatly, Sammy. I am an old mechanic—many a long year I wrought at a laborious employment; I am for giving every man a chance to rise; I honor an industrious working man. I think nothing more honorable than honest labor, and *because* I think so, I don't like to see a man ashamed of it. Let me tell you a story.

"About a year ago, I was returning in the stage-coach from Philadelphia, where I had been to see your uncle Isaac. Next to me sat a young man who did not recognize me, but whom I at once knew to be a shoemaker in Second-street. He took his seat with an air, and looked the gentleman. Every thing was fine; had gloves; spectacles; watch in a little pocket almost under his arm; under clothes with a perpendicular aperture; white sole-straps, gold headed switch. I perceived that his plan was to 'sink the shop.' Poor fellow, I wished to teach him a lesson, because I had known his father: so I gave him line for awhile, and sat mum, while he talked largely of what the Philadelphians consider the property of each and every citizen, Fair Mount, Laurel Hill, Girard College, the new gas-lights, the big Ship. Not a word about trade, but much of 'councils,' election, politics, Mr. Ingersoll, and the theatre. As the company was very complaisant, he grew more easy, and at length usurped most of the conversation. At a good pause I ventured to put in my oar, and asked 'can you tell me, sir, how Spanish hides have been selling?' He looked at me hard, and said; 'Not exactly, sir;' and hastened to talk of something else. 'Pray,' said I, 'do you know whether this business of importing Paris shoes has turned out well for the ——'s in Walnut-street?' He colored a little, pulled up the angles of his collar, and said, 'not being in that line, sir, you must excuse me for not knowing.' He was uneasy, but not quite convinced that he was found out, and went on talking quite largely about the shipping business. I thought I could come a little nearer home by another inquiry, so I said gaily, 'Allow me to ask you whether good old Mr. Smack sticks to the last? I remember the day when he could finish his pair of boots with any man in Jersey.'

This was wormwood; for he knew in his heart that Mr. Smack was his own father; yet as he was not even yet quite sure that I was apprized of the connection, he replied with some confidence, though with a red face, 'Mr. Smack? ah yes, the old man; he has not been in active business for several years.' I should perhaps have been content with going thus far, had not young Mr. Smack launched out in a strain, more affected than ever, of very absurd discourse about play-house matters. As it was, inasmuch as I never was ashamed of being a mechanic myself, I knew no reason why he should be; so at the earliest rest in the conversation, I said, 'Mr. Smack, I am pleased to see that you keep up the old business: a very pretty stand that of yours in Second-street; and if you please customers as well as your good old father did, I can engage for your success." This speech settled my man. He turned several colors; the passengers enchanged looks and smiled; and at the next watering place, Mr. Smack went outside, and made the rest of the journey on the box." I cant help thinking, said Sammy, that this was a little ill-natured in you, father. The thing is this. We live in a land of liberty and equality. We are looked down upon as laborers, and twitted as mechanics, 'snobs,' and so on. It is very natural, therefore, that a man should try to escape these sneers, and put the best foot foremost. "But hold, Sammy, I agree it is natural, and right, to escape from contempt; but take the right way to effect it. What is the right way? Certainly not by being above one's business, or trying to 'sink the shop.'—For this is saying that you are yourself ashamed of your calling; whereas you ought to be proud of it. Why conceal a thing unless you think it a disgrace. Can you expect other men to respect that which you despise yourself? There is no surer way of bringing honest industry into contempt, than by using low shifts to avoid the appearance of labor. If you wish the public to respect your vocation, show that you respect it yourself."

Such was the advice of this veteran mechanic to his son; and I verily believe there is sound wisdom in it. It is very common to find the very same persons complaining that they are looked down upon, who encourage the contempt by seeming ashamed of that which is their honor. After some years of careful observation, I have never seen a mechanic above his business, who did not meet with mortification where he sought respect; and I have never seen a working man, however humble his sphere, who lost any consideration in society, by frankly appearing in his real character, and laying his own hand to the task whenever it become needful. The working men of America constitute a powerful and increasing class, and should do nothing to betray a doubt as to their own respectability.

CHARLES QUILL.

DANIEL WEBSTER UPON A NEW HORSE.

Halloo, General Harrison, Francis Granger, and all ye minor availables! Clear the course! Gen. Duncan is out, horse, foot and dragoons, for the Presidency, with the Godlike upon his shoulders, and Billy May for servant boy. Fair warning! If you interrupt him, all is lost. Otherwise, death and extermination to Tom Benton and his humbugs? At a late meeting, in Mercer county, in this State, the following nominations were made.

For President,
GENERAL JOSEPH DUNCAN.
For Vice President,
HONORABLE DANIEL WEBSTER.

And the following resolution passed:

Resolved, That, having made a nomination more capable of supplanting the present dynasty, and retrieving the once exalted character of our country, than any other ever offered to the American people, we will scrupulously adhere to it, succumbing to no availables, and yielding to no contingencies.

Bravo! We admire the Mercer boys, not only for their spunk but for their foresight!! They will unite the very extremes of whiggery, whilst they get the means, (conservatives,) through the servant boy.—For, whilst one was fighting gallantly at Fort Sandusky, the other, in Congress, was denying him appropriations to defray his expenses from day to day.

Chicago Democrat.

The Detroit Morning Post states that Gov. Mason has effected a loan of $5,000,000, for the purpose of effecting the improvements projected by the state government of Michigan.

Early Winter.—At Cincinnati, on the 26th ult., there was a slight fall of snow, and at Columbus, Ohio, it fell to the depth of two inches.

Mrs. Madison, relict of the late ex-President, is now in Washington, where she intends to reside during the ensuing winter.

Singular Fire.—A load of hay containing two tons, from Wenham, on its way to Boston, took fire, and wagon and all, with the exception of three of the wheels, was consumed. The accident was occasioned by *friction on the axletree*, which burnt till it broke off and let the load down upon the fire.

The Lexington, Kentucky, Intelligencer states that Gen. Ripley, member of Congress from Louisiana, has resigned, in consequence of bad health.

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GAZETTE AND NEWS.

JACKSONVILLE:

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1837.

Extract from the London Bankers' Circular of Jan. 27.

"FROM ITS NATURE, THE INFLUENCES OF A BANK MUST BE ALLIED TO THE ARISTOCRACY OF WEALTH, AND NOT TO THE DEMOCRACY OF NUMBERS; AND THIS IS MORE ESPECIALLY THE CASE WITH GREAT CHARTERED BANKS HAVING IMMENSE POWER. THE LATE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES WAS ONE OF THIS DESCRIPTION, AND ITS POLITICAL INFLUENCE WAS PRODIGIOUS."

☞ The great length of the tax list in to-day's paper, prevents us from giving the usual quantity of reading matter, but the deficiency will be made up at some future time when we have something of more interest than from the total dearth of news, we are now able to give.

☞ Our readers well know that we are not in the habit of dunning, and we are not about to perpetrate such an act of impertinence now, but we would be exceedingly glad if some of our *patrons* against whom we have bills for subscription, advertising, and job work of two and three year's standing, would recollect that this is a season of the year when money is peculiarly acceptable. Their accounts individually, are generally small, but in the aggregate they are of considerable importance to us, and we hope they will all, without an exception, so consider it. "A word to the wise," &c.

☞ CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.—Just as our paper was ready for press, we received the nomination of the Peoria Convention, of a candidate to represent this district in the 26th Congress, and have barely time to say that it meets with our decided approbation, and have no doubt it will be satisfactory to the Democratic party generally. The vote was as follows: S. A. DOUGLASS, 21; JAS. STEPHENSON, 7; JAMES TURNEY; 6; and three scattering.

CLOTHING.

JUST RECEIVED on consignment a lot of ready made clothing, to wit:

COATS	from	$10	to	$25
PANTALOONS	do	3	to	5
VESTS	do	1	to	5

The attention of customers is invited to call and examine the above, as we warrant these articles well made having been done by a workman. POWERS & CROSBY, East side of the Public Square.

Jacksonville, Nov. 23, 1837. 26

Morgan Circuit Court, of October Term, 1837.

Wm. Taylor, guardian of Susannah Taylor, Mary Taylor, Cyrus Taylor, and Jas. Taylor, infant children and heirs at law of Jas. Taylor, deceased, vs. Cyrus Matthews, et als. } On petition of sale of real estate.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order made at the last term of this court, I shall, on the fourth day of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Jacksonville, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, all the interest of said infants, (being one undivided moiety or half part,) in and to the following lands situate in Morgan county, and known as the south half of the south-west quarter of section number twelve, in township number sixteen north of range number nine west, containing eighty acres more or less; and also, forty acres off of the east side of the east half of the north west quarter of section number thirteen, in the same township and range; and also forty acres off the north end of the west half of the north-east quarter of the last named section in said township and range.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, and the balance in six and nine months with approved security. WM. TAYLOR, Guardian, &c.

Jacksonville, Nov. 23, 1837. 26-tds

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

I will attend the Probate court to be held in the town of Pittsfield, on Monday the first day of January, 1838, where and when all persons having claims against the estate of *Isaac Andrews*, late of Pike county, deceased, are requested to present them for adjustment; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

MARIA ANDREWS, Adm'rix on the estate of Isaac Andrews, dec'd.

November 23, 1837. 26-d

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

I will attend the court of Probate for Pike county, in Pittsfield, on the second Monday in January, 1838, for the purpose of settling all claims against the estate of Israel Browdy, deceased; when and where all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them for a settlement. And all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make immediate payment as no further indulgence will be given. POLLY BROWDY, Adm'x, on the estate of Israel Browdy dec'd.

November 23, 1837. 26-f

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, Acting Commissioner of Public Works, for the 2d Judicial Circuit at the Internal Improvement Office in Belleville, Illinois, on *Tuesday* the *second* day of January next, until the hour of 4 o'clock P. M. of that day, for the grading bridging and masonry of about 15 miles of the Alton and Mount Carmel Railroad, extending from the city of Alton, to Edwardsville.

The line will be divided into sections of convenient length; and most of them will embrace jobs, deserving the attention of skillful and competent contractors; among which are viaducts over Shields' creek, Wood river, Indian creek and Cahokia creek; and a considerable amount of heavy embankment in the valley of Cahokia.

Plans and Profiles of the line, and drawings of the different constructions on it, together with specifications of the manner of executing the work, will be exhibited at the District or Internal Improvement Office at Belleville, ten days previous to the day of letting; and all other information in relation to the work, will be afforded on application at the above office.

Contractors will be required to make an efficient commencement of their respective Jobs within 60 days after the letting, and to have them fully completed, for the reception of the superstructure of the Railway, on or before the first day of November, 1838.

Recommendations will be expected, in all cases in which the contractors are not personally known to the undersigned or to the associate Commissioner attending to the letting.

For the information of contractors abroad, it may be well to state, that this line of road, passes from the noted and flourishing City of Alton, to Edwardsville, the county seat of Madison county, through a rich and fertile section of country, long settled by industrious and wealthy farmers, and calculated to furnish supplies to the contractors, on the cheapest terms, and in abundance.

PROPOSALS

WILL also be received at the same time and place for the execution of the contemplated improvement at the Kaskaskia River, and at Shoal creek on the line of the great western mail route, between Vincennes and St. Louis; said Jobs not having been let on the 9th instant, as heretofore advertised, in consequence of the exorbitancy of the bids received therefor.

The work at the Kaskaskia lies in and near Carlyle, and consists of a large amount of embankment, and extensive bridging, chiefly over the river bottom land, &c.; and the work at Shoal creek also consists of heavy embankments, culvert bridge, &c.

This work will be required to be commenced within twenty days after the letting, and to be completed on or before the first day of September following.

Proposals for any of the above work may be directed to the undersigned, endorsed "Proposals for Work to be let on the 2d January, 1838;" and will be received at any time previous to 4 o'clock P. M. on the day of letting, and will be duly considered; but if sent by mail must be post paid.

WM. KINNEY, Acting Comm'r for 2d Judicial Circuit.

Internal Improvement Office, Belleville, Ill. Oct. 11, 1837. 21—tJ 1

FOR RENT.

TWO OFFICES adjoining the Public Square on Beardstown street, eligibly situated for Law or other Offices.—Rent low. Enquire of E. W. BROWN & CO.

Jacksonville, Nov. 2, 1837. 23—tf

Blanks for sale at this Office.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, PIKE COUNTY, } sct.

CLERK'S OFFICE, COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

PIKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS, *Pittsfield, November 1st*, 1837.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, entitled An Act Concerning the Public Revenue, approved February 27, 1833, and of the several acts of the said General Assembly, to provide for raising a Revenue; and also in pursuance of an act entitled An Act Concerning Public Roads, approved February 3, 1835, I, JAMES DAVIS, Clerk of the said County Commissioners' Court of said County, will, on the first Monday in the month of March, A. D. 1838, proceed to sell at the door of the Court House in Pittsfield, in the said County of Pike, the whole, or as much of each Tract of Land, and part of a Tract, contained in the following list, and situated in the County of Pike, and State aforesaid, as will pay the taxes, interest and costs due and unpaid thereon, for State purposes, for the years therein specified; and also the amount of tax due and unpaid to the County of Pike aforesaid, for Road purposes for the year 1837, unless the same shall be previously paid; the same having been returned to the said Clerk by the Auditor of Public Accounts, as a true and correct list of Lands lying in the County of Pike, on which taxes were remaining due and unpaid to the State on the first day of September, 1837, and to which is added the amount of taxes remaining due and unpaid to the said County of Pike, for Road purposes, on the first day of November, in the year last aforesaid. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. and continue from day to day, (Sundays excepted,) until completed.

JAMES DAVIS, Clerk County Commissioners' Court, Pike County, Illinois.

A List of Lands lying in the County of Pike, subject to taxation, on which the taxes remain due and unpaid on the 1*st of September*, 1837, *for the years and amount therein set forth.*

PATENTEE.	PRESENT OWNER.	No. of acres.	DESCRIPTION.				Year Tax due.	Am't St&Rd Tax.	Am't tax, int. & costs.
James Perkins		160	s e	36	3s	3w	1837	3 60	29
Stephen Raymond	Peter H. Schenck	do	n e	7	"	"		3 60	29
T. Dickinson		do	"	10	"	"		3 60	29
Freeman French	S. A. Moore	do	n w	11	"	"		3 60	29
Phœbe Young, heir, &c.	Theodorus Bailey	do	s w	11	"	"		3 60	29
Clara Webb		do	n w	13	"	"		3 60	29
Isaac Richardson, Jr.	J. Hancock	do	s e	13	"	"		3 60	29
S. Hawkins	Jacob Brown	do	n e	20	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Vines		do	s w	20	"	"		3 60	29
Lewis Deniah	D. J. Boyd	do	s e	21	5s	3w		3 60	29
Bernard Converse	S. Pettis	80	s w	24	"	"		1 80	25
Ansel Birge		160	s w	25	"	"		3 60	29
Nathan Knight		do	n e	27	"	"		3 60	29
Moses Hall		do	s w	27	"	"		3 60	29
John Cannon	William Prout	do	s e	28	"	"		3 60	29
Eber Willey	George Gardiner	do	n e	30	"	"		3 60	29
M. O'Brien	Anthony Doyle	77	s e	30	"	"		1 72	25
John Hoffman		160	n e	33	"	"		3 60	29
Uriah Tenboker		do	n w	33	"	"		3 60	29
George Henderson	Hamlin Eppes	do	s e	33	"	"		3 60	29
George Danbury	D. W. Gantly	2	n w	34	"	"		4½	21
William Litty		do	n w	35	"	"			
Daniel Christie		160	s e	35	"	"		3 60	29
Beverly Whitfield	J. McMillan	do	s e	36	"	"			
Thomas Lovering	Benjamin Shurtliff	do	s w	1	"	"		3 60	29
J. C. Defiesh		80	s w	2	"	"		1 80	25
John Hoskins	J. R. Nourse	160	s w	8	"	"		3 60	29
Francis Jennett		do	s e	9	"	"		3 60	29
Lemuel Spencer	-	140	n e	10	"	"		2 70	27
Edmund Lamb		160	s w	11	"	"		3 60	29
Jeremiah Hitchcock		do	n w	11	"	"		3 60	29
Benjamin Smedes	J. J. Tappan	do	n w	12	"	"		3 60	29
Eleanor Robbins		1	s e	12	"	"		4½	21
Robert Lyons	R. Isherwood	320	n ½	13	"	"		7 20	37
John Goodman	Archibald Goodman	160	n e	14	"	"		3 60	29
John French	E. Giddings	do	n w	14	"	"		3 60	29
Nathaniel Adams	Romulus Riggs	do	s w	14	"	"		3 60	29
James Brown	C. M. Cahin	do	s e	14	"	"		3 60	29
William Underwood	Thomas Love	do	s e	15	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Younglove	J. P. Finley	do	n e	18	6s	3w		3 60	29
Miles M. Benedict	Hugh Munroe	do	n e	19	"	"		3 60	29
Louis Dilliard	Romulus Riggs	do	s e	20	"	"		3 60	29
Lemuel Thomas	M. Myers	do	n w	21	"	"		3 60	29
John Eddy	Law & Holt	80	s e	21	"	"		1 80	25
James Dunn	J. H. Matthews	160	n w	22	"	"		3 60	29
Moses Mathena	D. Cady	do	s w	22	"	"		3 60	29
John Young		80	s w	23	"	"		1 80	24
Henry Hope	J. J. Price	160	n w	24	"	"		3 60	29
Christopher Crosby	R. Riley	do	s w	25	"	"		3 60	29
William Dewey		63	s e	25	"	"		1 42	24
Warren Hyde		160	n e	26	"	"		3 60	29
Uriah Higgins	Ithiel Stone	do	n w	26	"	"		3 60	29
John Bradford		do	s w	28	"	"		3 60	29
E. Underwood	Thomas Love	do	n w	29	"	"		3 60	39
	Chas. S. Ashworth	120	n e	31	"	"		2 70	27
	same	160	s e	31	"	"		3 60	29
	William Prout	do	s w	32	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Jacobs	Theodorus Bailey	do	n w	33	"	"		3 60	29
Brooks Watson	J. D. Abbott	do	n e	34	"	"		3 60	29
William Robbins	Samuel G. Wright	do	s w	34	"	"		3 60	29
Andrew Nebinger	Shaw & Lobdell	do	n e	35	"	"		3 60	29
Alfred Collins		do	s w	2	7s	"		3 60	29
Samuel Nealy		do	s w	4	"	"		3 60	29
L. M. Leonard's heirs		do	s w	5	"	"		3 60	29
J. J. Dagley	S. Smith	do	n e	6	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Buffom	J. S. Smith	do	n e	7	"	"		3 60	29
John Norris	Abraham Hatchett	do	n e	8	"	"		3 60	29
Reuben Owens	same	do	n w	8	"	"		3 60	29
J. W. Robinson	Clark Rice	do	s e	8	"	"		3 60	29
Levi Farnsworth	Thomas Whitney	do	n w	9	"	"		3 60	29
Levi Blodget	Charles Phelps	do	s w	9	"	"		3 60	29
John Himmison	N. R. Haswell	do	n e	12	"	"		3 60	29
B. Brightwell	J. Parker	do	s w	12	"	"		3 60	29
Jos. Peray	Jos. Strong	do	n e	14	"	"		3 60	29
Ebenezer Childs	Williams & Leavern	do	n w	14	"	"		3 60	29
Lemuel Clark	Zebedee Cook, Jr.	do	s w	15	"	"		3 60	29
Lazarus Sprague	E. Sprague	do	s e	15	"	"		3 60	29
J. Keeling	Romulus Riggs	do	n e	17	"	"		3 60	29
Frederick West	William Rounds	do	s w	17	"	"		3 60	29
Moses Rountree	J. Ross	do	s e	18	"	"		3 60	29
John Parkins	J. W. Ripley	do	n w	20	"	"		3 60	29
Isaac Sherman	M. Myers	do	n e	21	"	"		3 60	29
William Manleart	Humphrey Howland	do	n e	22	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Bogue		do	s w	22	"	"		3 60	29
John Flood	J. McElfish	do	s e	22	"	"		3 60	29
C. P. Christian	S. Wiggins	107	s w	23	"	"		2 86	27
J. Mayard	Samuel Spotts	160	n e	24	"	"		3 60	29
S. Perry		120	n w	24	"	"		2 70	27
David Atkinson	A. & J. Blythe	160	s w	24	"	"		3 60	29
James Ogle	Wm. Postal	do	n e	25	"	"		3 60	29
Curtis Roberts		do	n w	26	"	"		3 60	29
George Ward	Romulus Riggs	do	s e	26	"	"		3 60	29
Michael Tillett	C. M. Cashin	140	n e	27	"	"		3 60	29
O. M. Jacobs	Isaac Wells	160	s e	27	"	"		3 15	28
David Rand	same	do	s w	28	"	"		3 60	29
Zeno Caldwell	Albert Anderson	do	n e	31	"	"		3 60	29
Isaac Phillips	Romulus Riggs	do	s e	32	"	"		3 60	29
Robert Russell	William Prout	70	s w	33	"	"		1 58	23
John Holt	same	110	s e	33	"	"		2 47	26
A. Gant		160	s w	34	"	"		3 60	29
Isaac Clark		2	s e	35	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Grubb	W. H. Wood	160	n e	36	"	"			
Aaron Hurlburt	E. M. White	do	n w	1	3s	4w		3 60	29
Richard Berry	S. Davis	do	s e	1	"	"		3 60	29
John Lamburg	Harriet Gettings	do	s e	2	"	"		3 60	29
Martin Stemmins	Thomas R. Brown	do	s w	3	"	"		3 60	29
John Gregory	Romulus Riggs	do	s e	5	"	"		3 60	29
Abraham Valentine	Joel Vickers	do	s e	8	"	"		3 60	29
Sandford Sawyer	J. B. Murray	do	n e	9	"	"		3 60	29
David Carrigan		do	n w	9	"	"		3 60	29
John Gilbert, heirs, &c.		139	n w	10	"	"		3 15	27
Gilbert L. Cooper	L. D. Worden	20	s w	10	"	"		45	22
Waite Lewis, heirs, &c.	Alex. Conri	35	n e	12	"	"		79	23
Saml. Knapp, heirs, &c.	J. Cook	69	n w	12	"	"		1 55	24
Samuel Bunton		160	n e	15	"	"		3 60	29
E. B. Griffiths	Jared Ayres	do	s e	15	"	"		3 60	29
Herman Fowler	Samuel Johnson	320	n½	17	"	"		7 20	37
Elias Dabott	Samuel D. Wright	160	s e	17	"	"		3 60	29
Silas Standish		do	s w	17	"	"		3 60	29
Anderson Ballard, heirs.	John Pierce	do	n e	19	"	"		3 60	29
John Smith	S. F. & J. Hunt	do	n e	20	"	"		3 60	29
Daniel Sullivan	W. H. Turpin	136	n w	24	"	"		3 06	28
William Law	W. Hall	320	n½	28	"	"		7 20	37
Josiah Fuller	Bradshaw, Stames and Fuller	160	s w	29	"	"		3 60	29
Edmund Fuller	Romulus Riggs	do	s e	29	"	"		3 60	29
Robert Shapley		do	s e	35	"	"		3 60	29
P. Witham	Romulus Riggs	do	n e	36	"	"		3 60	29
Worlin Wilson	Humphrey Howland	do	s e	14	4s	"		3 60	29
N. H. Tuttle	N. Hobson	do	n e	31	"	"		3 60	29
John Swett	J. Evarts	do	s e	31	"	"		3 60	29
James Ryerson	Theodorus Bailey	do	n e	1	5s	"		3 60	29
Chancey Fox	Samuel Bushell	do	s w	2	"	"		3 60	29
Zepheniah Ellis		do	s e	2	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Ambunce	Samuel Hall	150	s e	3	"	"		3 37	28
J. K. Bennett	J. E. Stone	160	s e	10	"	"		3 60	29
J. Gifford	G. Brayton	do	n e	10	"	"		3 60	29
David Jones	Romulus Riggs	do	n e	11	"	"		3 60	29
E. Manchester	Thomas Gould	do	n w	13	"	"		3 60	29
Absalom Carpenter		70	s e	25	"	"		1 57	24
Ichabod Avery		160	n w	28	"	"		3 60	29
Asahel Warner, Jr.	John Thomas	5	se qr. s½	28	"	"		11	21
Henry Welch	Romulus Riggs	160	n w	10	6s	"		3 60	29
Nancy Davis		do	s w	10	"	"		3 60	29
Thomas Thompson	C. M. Cashin	150	s w	14	"	"		3 38	28
Thomas McKinney	R. C. Lane	40	n w	15	"	"			
Joseph Simpson	Jeremiah Evarts	160	s w	22	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Perkins	Calvin Phildo	do	n e	24	"	"		3 60	29
William Haines	H. M. Morfit	do	n w	27	"	"		3 60	29
Michael Conner	Raphael Conn	do	s w	34	"	"		3 60	29
James Young		do	s e	36	"	"		3 60	29
Ezekiel Romine		do	n e	14	7s	"		3 60	29
William Prayer	Z. Leonard	105	n w	15	"	"		2 36	26
Philip Berkley	Romulus Riggs	160	s e	15	"	"		3 60	29
John Matthews	H. R. Martin	do	n w	20	"	"		3 60	29
Nathaniel Boyden		80	n e	21	"	"		1 80	25
William Bishop	W. W. Moore	160	s e	24	"	"		3 20	29
Charles Blakely	P. La Touviette	do	n e	25	"	"		3 20	29
Jacob Rusk		91	s w	26	"	"		2 04	26
	Shaw & Lobdell	110	s e	26	"	"		2 47	27
Ephraim Eddy	James Tarbox	200	s½	29	"	"		4 50	31
Amos Hogden		5	s e	32	"	"		11	21
L. R. Sweetland	Reed Brockway	85	n w	35	"	"		1 90	25
J. W. Shults	Theodorus Bailey	160	s w	35	"	"		3 60	29
Thomas Finnamore	M. Picquette	do	n e	1	4s	5w			
John Leith		do	s e	3	"	"		3 60	29
Luke Kirkland	S. Griswold	152	n w	5	"	"		3 42	28
James McGee	William Prout	320	e½	7	"	"		7 20	37
Thomas Rearden	O. & L. Cook	160	s e	12	"	"		3 60	29
Cornelius Devilde	Samuel Hall	do	n e	13	"	"		3 60	29
William Raymond	M. Myers	do	n w	15	"	"		3 60	29
Ezekiel Higgins	W. S. Waite	do	n e	17	"	"		3 60	29
Moses Briggs	Levitt & Burrall	do	n e	19	"	"		3 60	29
James B. Erwin	Garnett Seckles	do	s e	19	"	"		3 60	29
John Lloyd	A. Westbrook	do	s e	20	"	"		3 60	29
Robert Kennedy	Samuel G. Wright	do	n e	21	"	"		3 60	29
David Collone		do	s w	22	"	"		3 60	29
John Norman		do	n w	28	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Sutton		do	n e	29	"	"		3 60	29
Jonathan Plumby	N. R. Haswell	do	s e	29	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Nichols	Alexander Purvis	do	n e	30	"	"		3 60	29
George Johnson	A. McCormick	do	s e	31	"	"		3 60	29
Henry Y. Roach	Elkanah English	do	s w	33	"	"		3 60	29
Lawrence B. Harvey	same	do	s e	33	"	"		3 60	29
William Rockwell		220	n½	34	"	"		4 95	32
William Phillips	Gordon & McCawley	160	s e	34	"	"		3 60	29
Thomas Miller	Nathaniel Simonds	do	s w	36	"	"		3 60	29
Elijah Hagg	Jonas Robinson	do	s w	5	5s	"		3 60	29
Timothy Herrington	H. Brunott	do	s e	5	"	"		3 60	29
George McArra	C. Gwinn & W. Hall	do	s e	6	"	"		3 60	29
Ben. B. Blount	N. Branson	do	n w	14	"	"		3 60	29
Lemuel Vaughan		do	s w	14	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Bingman	Daniel Hoard	do	n w	15	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Sample		do	s w	17	"	"		3 60	29
Daniel Hancock	John Boswell	do	n w	21	"	"		3 60	29
Peter W. Entrout		do	s w	21	"	"		3 60	29
Benjamin Henderson	E. Geddings	do	n e	22	"	"		3 60	29
Christian Boyce	same	do	n w	22	"	"		3 60	29
J. T. Senter	Romulus Riggs	do	s w	22	"	"		3 60	29
Asaph Crane	Wm. Bishop	do	n e	27	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel Winslow	same	do	n w	27	"	"		3 60	29
Jacob Skiff	D C Craig	160	n w	28	5s	5w		3 60	29
Edward Fields	S Block jr	do	s w	"	"	"		3 60	29
John Webb	M Davis	do	"	29	"	"		3 60	29
James Roach	Wm Bishop	80	n e	"	"	"		1 80	25
James Eveleth	Charles Sawyer	130	"	30	"	"		2 93	27
Geo Campbell	J & A Gillis	160	"	32	"	"		3 60	29
Henry Mullin	Gwinn & Hall	do	n w	33	"	"		3 60	29
Abner Hubbard	Joseph Dart	do	n e	34	"	"		3 60	29
Catherine Turner & heirs	William Bell	80	s e	35	"	"		1 80	25
Thomas Hogan		40	"	1	6s	5w		90	23
Sylvanus Prince	S Hale	130	n e	4	"	"		2 93	27
Thomas Knowles	R Isherwood	160	s w	6	"	"		3 60	29
Stephen Feiro, heir, &c.	Moses Feiro	160	"	7	"	"		3 60	29
Samuel S Stacey	A McIntyre	80	s e	8	"	"		1 80	25
Saml Ridgeway	Romulus Riggs	160	n w	10	"	"		3 60	29
Conrad Bradt	Peter Stewart	320	s½	"	"	"		7 20	37
Marville Tinney	J G Smith	160	n e	11	"	"		3 60	29
Saml Tunney	same	do	n w	"	"	"		3 60	29
Mary Lupp, heir, &c.		do	s e	"	"	"		3 60	29
W D Cotton	J P Chaardler	do	n w	14	"	"		3 60	29
Sebastian Halsever	Stephen Bellum	do	s e	20	"	"		3 60	29
Jabez Morse	Jonas Robinson	do	n e	22	"	"		3 60	29
Ephraim Brown		do	n w	23	"	"		3 60	29
John R Curtis	N Brownson	do	s w	"	"	"		3 60	29
Wm E Edwards	same	do	s e	"	"	"		3 60	29
Timothy Renick	R Riggs	do	s w	24	"	"		3 60	29
Peter Thomas	Alexander Ferguson	do	n e	29	"	"		3 60	29
John Crawford	James Plunkett	do	n w	"	"	"		3 60	29
Aaron A Fly		143	s w	"	"	"		3 22	28
Leonard Loomis	William Rayen	160	"	30	"	"		3 60	29
Mark Merrill	J Blassett	do	s e	31	"	"		3 60	29
A Perkins	J Waite	do	n e	32	"	"		3 60	29
Godfrey Bassett		do	n w	"	"	"		3 60	29
Nathan Caldwell		do	s e	"	"	"		3 60	29
John Stratton	Charles Wilkes	do	n e	36	"	"		3 60	29
J R Moss	same	do	n w	"	"	"		3 60	29
Joseph Penton	J McFadon	do	n e	6	7s	5w		3 60	29
T S Bracken	R Riggs	do	n w	6	"	"		3 60	29
Tiffany Lewis	Smith Weeks	do	s e	6	"	"		3 60	29
Willard Watkins		do	n e	7	"	"		3 60	29
Charles Stickney	Abraham Beck	do	n w	0	"	"		3 60	29
Robt B Orr	Zeb Cook jr	do	s w	12	"	"		3 60	29
Thomas McKenzie	R Johnson	do	n e	13	"	"		3 60	29
Nelson Patterson		do	n w	17	"	"		3 60	29
Peter Burnett		do	n w	21	"	"		3 60	29
Thomas Green	Shaw & Lobdell	do	n w	36	"	"		3 60	29
Jesse Marshall		80	s e	1	4	6w		1 80	25
Oliver Conant	P Phillips	68	s e	2	"	"		1 55	24
Joseph Carlin	William Thom	160	n w	10	"	"		3 60	29
Simeon Blood senr	J Hancock	do	n w	12	"	"		3 60	29

Thomas Wells							
Selah Taylor	Ralph Murray	do s w	13	"	"	3 60	29
Jeremiah Kimball		do n e	15	"	"	3 60	29
James Thomas	Shaw & Lobdell	do n w	"	"	"	3 60	29
John Pascal	same	do s w	17	"	"	3 60	26
Samuel Brown		do s e	"	"	"	3 60	29
David Stoddard	J Gibson	do n w	22	"	"	3 60	29
Bazil Peters		do s w	25	"	"	3 60	29
Benjamin Bennett		do n e	28	"	"	3 60	29
James Shedwick		do n w	"	"	"	3 60	29
John Seals		do s w	"	"	"	3 60	29
Henry Lindemore	Charles Wilkes	do s e	"	"	"	3 60	29
Jos Brannin, heir, &c.	D Delavan	do s e	29	"	"	3 60	29
George Galpin	J Galpin	do n e	34	"	"	3 60	29
Justus Dickinson	S Partridge	do n w	12	"	"	3 60	29
Samuel Senett	S B Munn	do n w	17	"	"	3 60	29
R McClelland	Ben. Shurtliff	do n e	18	"	"	3 60	29
David Fowler		do s w	20	"	"	3 60	29
George Moore		80 n w	21	5s	"	1 80	25
R D Boyington	John Miller	160 s w	"	"	"	3 60	29
Wm Boyd	J Talbott	do s w	27	"	"	3 60	29
David Wood	S Eldred	do s e	"	"	"	3 60	29
Thomas Scudder	M Grimsby	do n w	28	"	"	3 60	29
John Voter	Peleg Calvin	do s w	"	"	"	3 60	29
Alanson Rodgers	Amasa Wright	152 s e	29	"	"	3 42	29
John Willis	Isham Talbott	160 s w	33	"	"	3 60	29
Thomas L Campbell	Clark Rice jr	152 n w	34	"	"	3 42	29
John Bladen	L Jarvis	160 s e	34	"	"	3 60	29
Wm McElroy	Philip Phillips	160 s e	36	"	"	3 60	29
William Cone		69 n w	1	6s	6w	1 55	25
Charles Williams		160 s e	2	"	"	3 60	29
Jeremiah Archer		do n e	2	"	"	3 60	29
George Adams	Samuel Wright	120 n w	2	"	"	2 25	26
Daniel Merrickhausen	Wm Gilbert	160 n w	3	"	"	3 60	29
William Farris	Rom. Riggs	do n w	4	"	"	3 60	29
Lewis Bender	Gwinn & Hall	do s w	4	"	"	3 60	29
Andrew Chapman	Humphrey Howland	do n e	9	"	"	3 60	29
James Redburn	Daniel Shayer	do s w	9	"	"	3 60	29
William Hines	Wm Tocklood	do s e	9	"	"	8 60	29
Josiah Capps		do s e	10	"	"	3 60	29
John Rhodes	P Stowart	do s e	11	"	"	3 60	29
John Yett	A Ferris	do n e	12	"	"	3 60	29
William Grimes	Wm Prout	do s w	"	"	"	3 60	29
Stephen Maynard	Henry Merry	do s w	14	"	"	3 60	29
Israel Waters		85 n e	15	"	"	1 81	26
William Nelson	Rom. Riggs	150 n w	"	"	"	3 18	28
D Benson	A Burrows	160 s w	25	"	"	3 60	29
Joshua Brown	G W Oliver	do s e	35	"	"	3 60	29
John Hammond	H Goddard	do n e	36	"	"	3 60	29
Asher Smith	H Leavenworth	do n w	"	"	"	3 60	29
Nicholas Connor		do n e	12	7s	6w	8 60	29
Solomon Eddy	S Wheeler	do s e	1	4s	7w	3 60	29
J W Lavender		40 s w	4	"	"	90	23
Clark Case	A Hall	160 s e	6	"	"	3 60	29
Jacob Palsifer	J Butless	80 s e	7	"	"	1 80	25
Leonard Curtis	E C Kimberly	160 s e	8	"	"	3 60	29
C H Masshu	Ezra Baldwin	do n e	9	"	"	3 60	29
Mills Nichols		do n e	13	"	"	3 60	29
S S Smith & heirs, &c.		do n w	17	"	"	3 60	29
John Knight	F T & J Palmer	80 n e	18	"	"	1 80	25
Charles Muft	Joel Root	160 n w	21	"	"	3 60	29
Samuel Ragan		do s w	25	"	"	3 60	29
Joseph Smith	N Young	99 s e	26	"	"	2 23	27
William Clifton		160 n w	28	"	"	3 60	29
John Kirby		do s o	34	"	"	3 60	29
W J Lighthall	Brodenct & Duane	57 n e	36	"	"	1 28	24
John Williams	Thomas Dodson	155 s w	1	5s	7w	3 48	29
John Cook	James Ronaldson	160 n w	5	"	"	3 60	29
John Walker		do n e	10	"	"	3 60	29
Benjamin Inley	F S L Bubring	do n e	12	"	"	3 60	29
Elisha Egleston	S Johnston	do n w	12	"	"	3 60	29
J Allbrooks		do n w	14	"	"	3 60	29
John Shepherd		79 s e	25	"	"	1 78	25
Charles Shay	Shaw & Lobdell	160 s e	2	4s	8w	3 60	29
Bradbury Kenniston	R Riggs	do s e	8	"	"	3 60	29
Charles Connett	James Berrian	do s w	9	"	"	3 60	29
Shuble Simonds	Humphrey Howland	do n w	9	"	"	3 60	29
Daniel Devine	R Riggs	do n e	11	"	"	3 60	29
P Van Vleck		do n w	11	"	"	3 60	29
Joseph Russell	Caleb Young	do s w	13	"	"	3 60	29
Archibald McHenry	James Hewitt	do s w	14	"	"	3 60	29
Zechariah Wood		80 n e	22	"	"	1 80	25
Israel Nisfin		160 s e	36	"	"	3 60	29
William A Humes		do s w	2	5s	8w	3 60	29
John Hume		80 w½ s w	5	3s	2w	1 80	25
Anson Collins		do e½ s e	6	"	"	1 80	25
John Fike		do w½ n w	8	"	"	1 80	25
Ira Johnson		do w½ s w	6	"	"	1 80	25
Reason Nigswonger & R [Buffington		160 s e	17	"	"	3 60	29
Richard Buffington		75 n e	20	"	"	1 68	25
Anson Collins		80 w½ n w	21	"	"	1 80	25
same		4 frac	26	"	"	9	22
same		154 n e fr	27	"	"	3 46	29
James Richey		80 No.2 e½ s e	27	"	"	1 81	25
Joseph Duncan		155 s w	29	"	"	3 48	29
Peter Karges		80 e½ n e	31	"	"	1 80	25
Peter Dela Fontanelle		do w½ n w	31	"	"	1 80	25
Lewis Allen		do " "	7	5s	"	1 80	25
George S Hills		40 " "	20	"	"	90	23
Ezekiel Clement		36 n e fr	26	"	"	82	23
Ezekiel Clement		80 w½ s e	34	"	"	2 02	26
same		80 w1-2 n e	3	6s	2w	1 80	25
J & A Simons		80 e1-2 n w	3	do	do	1 80	25
Bonaparte Greathouse		80 n w	4	do	do	1 80	25
James Mason		80 w1-2 s w	4	do	do	1 80	25
same		80 e1-2 s e	4	do	do	1 80	25
Elijah Garrison		40 e1-2 s e	9	do	do	90	23
Joel Mercham		40 w1-2 s e	9	do	do	90	23
James Mason		80 e1-2 s w	10	do	do	1 80	25
Alfred Hunt		80 w1-2 s e	10	do	do	1 80	25
Amos Love		80 e1-2 n e	13	do	do	1 80	25
James Mason		80 e1-2 s e	17	do	do	1 80	25
Jacob Vandukitt		80 w1-2 s e	17	do	do	1 80	25
Benj L Matthews		80 e1-2 n e	23	do	do	1 80	25
Peter Karges		40 n e s w	33	3s	3w	90	23
Peter Rake		80 w1-2 s e	36	do	do	1 80	25
Nathan W Jones		160 n w	35	do	do	3 60	29
Daniel Cadwell		80 e1-2 n e	15	4s	do	1 80	25
John G. Cadwell		80 e1-2 s e	15	do	do	1 80	25
D R Griggs & A D Weld		40 s w s e	15	do	do	90	23
Andrew Philips		320 s1-2	21	do	do	7 20	37
same		80 e1-2 n e	22	do	do	1 80	25
Henry Foutty		80 n1-2 n w	23	do	do	1 80	25
Gleason Nash		40 e1-2 s w	24	do	do	90	23
Nathan Philips		80 w1-2 n w	25	do	do	1 80	25
D R Griggs & A D Weld		12 e1-2 n w	26	do	do	27	22
Geo W Hinman		320 n1-2	28	do	do	7 20	37
Isaac Conkwright		41 n e n e	1	4s	4w	94	23
Ephraim Cannon		80 e1-2 s e	34	do	do	1 80	25
Wm Benn		160 n w	25	5s	do	3 60	29
Wm Foreman		80 e1-2 s e	12	6s	do	1 80	25
Wm Ross		80 No1 e1-2 n w	19	do	do	1 80	25
John D Diserens		97 w1-2 s w	19	do	do	2 18	26
Wm Mallory		80 e1-2 s e	29	do	do	1 80	25
John Ganison}		80 w1-2 n e	32	do	do	1 80	25
Joseph Hubbard		80 w1-2 n w	32	do	do	1 80	25
Eli Hubbard		80 e1-2 s w	4	7s	do	1 80	25
Guyan Gibson		20 s e	4	do	do	45	22
Wm McClane		80 e1-2 s w	5	do	do	1 80	25
Timothy Guard		80 " s e	5	do	do	1 80	25
James Shinn		80 " n e	24	do	do		
Leonard Ross		82 " n w	4	6s	5w	1 85	25
G Baxley J Baxley, Albert [Baxley, L J Baxley		160 n w	28	do	do	3 60	29
		80 w1-2 s w	4	4s	6w	1 80	25
Samuel McGary		40 e1-2 s w	31	do	do	90	23
John Milbyzer		80 w1-2 s e	31	do	do	1 80	25
Peter Harper		154 No2 w pt s w	19	do	do	3 46	29
John Moses		119 w1-2 s w	30	do	do	2 68	27
Lorenzo Jackson		40 s w s w	5	5s	do	90	23
Henry Jackson		60 n e n w	6	do	do	1 36	24
Nathaniel C Triplett		52 No3 n w	6	4s	7w	1 17	24
Henry Jackson		42 n w n e	6	5s	8w	95	23
James Barnes		84 e1-2 n w	19	do	4w	1 90	25

SCHOOL LANDS.

Chas C Hendrick	40	Lot No. 11	n e s w	16	7s	4w	90	23
same	42	13	s w s w	'	'	'	90	23
James Walker	42	1	n e n e	'	'	'	95	23
Chas Hubbard jr	42	2	s w n e	'	'	'	95	23
David Hubbard	40	3	n e n w	'	'	'	90	23
Jos Barnett	40	4	n w n w	'	'	'	90	23
John McMullen	40	5	s w n w	'	'	'	90	23
Isaac Capps	40	6	s e n w	'	'	'	90	23
James Walker	42	7	s w n e	'	'	'	95	23
same	42	8	s e n e	'	'	'	95	23
Wm Mitchell	42	9	n e s e	'	'	'	95	23
Richard Price	42	10	n w s e	'	'	'	95	23
John McMillen	40	12	n w s w	'	'	'	90	23
Richard Price	40	14	s e s w	'	'	'	90	23
same	42	15	s w s e	'	'	'	95	23
Jos Barnett	42	16	s e s e	'	'	'	95	23
Henry Fitzpatrick	40	8	n w n e	'	4s	3w	90	23
Henry H Fitzpatrick	40	1	n e n e	'	'	'	90	23
Geo W Johnson	40	2	s e n e	'	'	'	90	23
Peleg Gardner	40	3	n e s e	'	'	'	90	23
Wm Pluter	39	4	s e s e	'	'	'	89	23
same	40	5	s w s e	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	6	n w s e	'	'	'	90	23
Geo W Johnson	40	7	s w n e	'	'	'	90	23
Thos Simpkins	40	9	n e n w	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	10	s e n w	'	'	'	90	23
James A Collins	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	12	s e s w	'	'	'	90	23
John R Jackson	45	13	s w s w	'	'	'	1 01	23
same	40	14	n w s w	'	'	'	90	23
Thos Simpkins	41	15	s w n w	'	'	'	92	23
same	41	16	n w n w	'	'	'	92	23
Joel Meacham	40	1	n e n e	'	6s	2w	90	23
James A Hendric	40	2	n w n e	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	3	n e n w	'	'	'	90	23
Jonathan Simonds	40	4	n w n w	'	'	'	90	23
Bonaparte Greathouse	40	5	s w n w	'	'	'	90	23
Nathan Tucker	40	6	s e n w	'	'	'	90	23
Thos Worthington	40	7	s w n e	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	23
James Farrington	40	9	n e s e	'	'	'	90	23
same	40	10	n w s e	'	'	'	90	23
Edmond Straun	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	23
Geo Morton	40	16	s e s e	'	'	'	90	23
Henry Kent	40	1	n e n e	'	'	5w	90	23
same	39	2	n w n e	'	'	'	88	23
same	40	3	n e n w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	4	n w n w	'	'	'	90	do
Geo T Edwards	40	5	s w n w	'	'	'	90	do
same	39	16	s e s e	'	'	'	88	do
Jos J Edwards	40	6	s e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Robt Wills	40	7	s w n w	'	'	'	90	do
Thos S Edwards	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	do
James D Madison	39	9	n e s e	'	'	'	88	do
John Lytle	38	10	n w s e	'	'	'	87	do
Reason R Boothby	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	do
same	41	12	n w s w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	13	s w s w	'	'	'	92	do
Danl B Bush	43	14	s e s w	'	'	'	97	do
Wm H Collins	40	15	s w s e	'	'	'	90	do
John T Farley	40	1	n e n e	'	5s	2w	90	do
same	41	2	n w n e	'	'	'	92	do
Wm H Lathrop	41	3	n e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	4	n w n w	'	'	'	92	do
John T Farley	41	5	s w n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	6	s e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	7	s w n e	'	'	'	92	do
Thomas Ellis	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	9	n e s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	41	10	n w s e	'	'	'	92	do
Robert R Green	41	11	n e s w	'	'	'	92	do
James N Hammond	41	12	n w s w	'	'	'	92	do
James Davis	41	13	s w s w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	14	s e s w	'	'	'	92	do
Samuel Neely	40	15	s w s e	'	'	'	90	do
James N Hammond	40	16	s e s e	'	'	'	90	do
Mearel E Rattan	40	6	n e s w	'	'	3w	90	do
Daniel B Bush	40	7	s e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Wm Watson	40	8	n e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Manly Thomas	40	9	n w n e	'	'	'	90	do
Daniel B Bush	40	11	s w n e	'	'	'	90	do
Andrew Willson	40	13	n w s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	14	n e s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	16	s e s e	'	'	'	90	do
Elisha W H Hickerson	40	12	n e n e	'	'	'	90	do
James Davis	40	10	n e n e	'	'	'	90	do
John J & Isaac Turnbaugh	40	1	n w n e	'	6s	4w	90	do
same	40	2	s w n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	7	n w n w	'	'	'	90	do
John J McClosby	40	4	s w n w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	5	n e n w	'	'	'	90	do
John Stole	40	3	s e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Ephraim Cannon	40	6	s e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Thomas S Edwards	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	9	n e s e	'	'	'	90	do
James W Harpold	40	10	n w s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	do
Joseph S King	40	1	n e n e	'	3s	5w	90	do
same	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	do
John McFarland	40	2	n w n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	5	s w n w	'	'	'	90	do
Nicholas Hobbs	40	3	n e n w	'	'	'	90	do
Wm McCormuck	40	4	n w n w	'	'	'	90	do
David Baldwin	40	6	s e n w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	7	s w n e	'	'	'	90	do
James H Chenowith	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	do
Giles Awtry	40	13	s w s w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	14	s e s w	'	'	'	90	do
Caleb Browning	40	16	s e s e	'	'	'	90	do
James White	40	15	s w s e	'	'	'	90	do
John Nicholson	41	1	n e n e	'	3s	4w	92	do
same	41	3	n e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	6	s e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	12	n w s w	'	'	'	90	do
Geo H Hume	40	2	n w n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	41	15	s w s e	'	'	'	92	do
Ira B Hume	41	4	n w n w	'	'	'	92	do
Sandy Hume	41	5	s w n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	13	s w s w	'	'	'	92	do
John Hume	41	7	s w n e	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	10	n w s e	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	16	s e s e	'	'	'	92	do
Martin Neal	41	8	s e n e	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	9	n e s e	'	'	'	92	do
same	40	4	s e s w	'	'	'	90	do
John Fairchilde	41	12	n w s w	'	'	'	92	do
Elijah Chaney	40	1	n e n e	'	4s	4w	90	do
Thomas Edwards	40	2	n w n e	'	'	'	90	do
same	41	3	n e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	5	s w n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	41	6	s e n w	'	'	'	92	do
same	40	12	n w s w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	13	s w s w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	14	s e s w	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	15	s w s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	16	s e s e	'	'	'	90	do
James Dale	40	10	n w s e	'	'	'	90	do
same	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	do
Daniel B Bush	40	9	n e s e	'	'	'	90	do
David Dutton	40	4	n w n w	'	5s	6w	90	do
same	40	9	n e s e	'	'	'	90	do
Stephen & Jas Shipman	40	5	s w n w	'	'	'	90	do
Samuel January	40	8	s e n e	'	'	'	90	do
James B Elledge	40	10	n w s e	'	'	'	90	do
Francis J Jackson	40	11	n e s w	'	'	'	90	do
Andrew Jackson	40	12	n w s w	'	'	'	90	do
Henry Parkis	8	3	sec	'	'	'	18	22
same	5	4	do	'	'	'	11	21
E Yearly & M Guard	[illegible]	5	do	'	'	'	04	21
Joseph Jackson	11	16	do	'	'	'	25	22

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION.

I hereby certify that the foregoing notice of the sale of lands for taxes, in the County of Pike, and State of Illinois, was published in the *Illinois State Gazette and Jacksonville News*, a newspaper printed at Jacksonville, Illinois, in the paper published on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1837; and that the said notice is contained in all the papers printed for that week; and that the said paper for that week is forwarded to all its regular subscribers, as usual.

SAMUEL S. BROOKS, Publisher.

The steamboat Cleveland, a new boat on the Lake, made her first trip from Cleveland to Buffalo, (190 miles,) *in fourteen hours and a half.*

The City of Boston is to have *fifty-six* representatives in the next Legislature of Massachusetts.

PORK AND BEEF PACKING,

On Commission.

THE undersigned, in connection with Col. A. BOTKIN, have leased the large and extensive

Packing House, Smoking Establishment, &c.

formerly occupied by Messrs. A. G. SLOO & Co., and are prepared to pack Beef and Pork or smoke Hams, Bacon, &c. on the most favorable terms.

Having employed old and experienced hands in the packing establishment and intending to devote ourselves entirely to *Packing, Baconing, Purchasing, and Selling on Commission,* they will guarantee to give every satisfaction to their friends and the public, and put up any article equal to Ohio Packing; and shall be prepared to give the market price for good

CORN FED PORK.

Any quantity of Salt will be supplied at the Packing House at the lowest market prices.

Farmers and others in the country, bulking small or large quantities of Pork, and desirous of Baconing the same, for the river or other markets, can have the same cured at reasonable rates.

E. TOWNSEND & CO.

Alton, Sept. 21, 1837. 25

DISSOLUTION.

THE joint account transactions heretofore had between the subscribers in the Pork business, in the name of Gano, Thoms, & Talbott, or any other style, have ceased on this and all other accounts by mutual consent.

The name of the firm will be used by either of the parties in settling past transactions only. Signed, A. G. GANO,
Pr. CHA'S DUFFIELD,
WM. THOMS,
Pr. CHA'S DUFFIELD,
WM. TALBOTT.

Jacksonville, Nov. 16, 1837. 35–4*

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.

THE Lexington (Ky.) Fire, Life, and Marine Insurance Company is prepared to make permanent or limited Insurance against loss or damage by Fire on Property of every description in this place or vicinity, on terms as favorable to the assured as any similar institution. Application to be made to

GEO. M. CHAMBERS, Agent for L. F. L. & M. I. C.

Jacksonville, Nov. 16, 1837.—25

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

I WILL attend at the Probate Court to be held upon the first Monday in January next, at Pittsfield, within and for the county of *Pike*, and State of Illinois, by Daniel B. Bush, Justice of the Peace of Probate, when and where all persons having claims against the estate of John S. Rundlett, late of the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, are required to present the same for settlement and adjustment. All persons indebted to said estate, within the State of Illinois, are required to make immediate payment. - WM. A. GRIMSHAW, Adm'r. of John S. Rundlett, and Public Adm'r of Pike co. Ill.

Pittsfield, Nov. 16, 1837. 25–d

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED

EITHER to the late firm of *Doyle, Palmer & Co.*, to *Palmer, Rew & Milnor*, or to *Forsythe & Buckner*, whether by note or book account, are hereby notified that all the said notes and accounts are now in my hands for collection. All who know themselves to be indebted to either of the above named firms, are requested to call on me soon at the Clerk's office, north-east corner of the court-house, and settle or pay the same. [Jacksonville, Nov. 9, 1837. d] H. G. REW.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE subscriber, having been appointed by the Governor of Maine, Commissioner for the State of Illinois, to take the acknowledgement and proof of the execution of any deed mortgage, or other conveyance of property lying and being in the State of Maine; and of any contract, letter of attorney, or any other writing under seal to be used or recorded in the State of Maine; and also to administer an oath or affirmation to any person willing and desirous to make oath or affirmation before him; hereby gives notice that he has taken the qualifying oath required by law, and is prepared to execute the duties of said office, at his residence in Jacksonville.

November 9, 1837. ABNER CHAPMAN, Jr.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

To be sold for Cash,

IN pursuance of an order from the circuit court of Morgan county, Illinois, at the court house in Jacksonville, on Saturday the ninth day of December 1837, at 12 o'clock M. the following lots of land situated in the town of Meredosia in said county, being lots number four, five, and six, in water block number two; or so many of the same as will pay the judgement and costs in the suit in which William H. Coyle is complainant and Charles Robertson is defendant, under which the order is made. R. WILLIAM DUMMER,

Jacksonville, Nov. 6, 1837. d *Commissioner.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *Henry Hart*, deceased, late of Morgan county, Illinois, are hereby notified that we will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace for the county aforesaid, for the purpose of making a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, on Thursday the 21st day of December next, when and where all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement; and all indebted to said estate are required to make payment to either of the undersigned, or to the Probate Justice on or before the above named day.

JAMES W. HART, } *Executors.*
November 9, 1837. f JOHN M. HART, }

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

IN conformity with an order of the Morgan Circuit Court of the October term, 1837, I will attend at the house of Jonathan Masterson, in Sangamon county, Cox's Grove, Illinois, on the 25th of December next, and offer for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six months, a tract of land, situate in the county of Sangamon, being the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section three, township seventeen north, range eight west, of which Benjamin F. Masterson, died possessed. The purchaser will be required to give bond with personal security and a mortgage upon the premises to secure the payment. G. W. SIMPSON, Adm'r.

October 26, 1837. 23—6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of Isaac Keys, deceased, late of Morgan county, Illinois, are hereby notified that I will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace in and for said county, on the third Monday of December next, for the purpose of making a final settlement of said estate, when and where all persons having claims against said estate will present them for adjustment; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, either to the undersigned or to the Probate Justice on or before the above named day, and save costs. D. D. WHITE, Administrator.

November 2d, 1837. 23–f

NOTICE.

THIS day dissolved partnership, PROSSER & SIMMS. All those in debt to the firm will make payment to S. R. Simms, who is authorised to settle the claims.

SAMUEL M. PROSSER,
SAMUEL R. SIMMS.

Jacksonville, Oct. 25, 1837. 23–c

☞ S. R. SIMMS, still continues the DRUG BUSINESS, at the old stand of Prosser & Simms, and solicits a continuance of the patronage for which he feels thankful.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the publication of the Illinois State Gazette, and Jacksonville News, and in the Printing business generally, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will hereafter be carried on by SAMUEL S. BROOKS, who is authorized to settle all demands against the firm, and to whom all debts due the firm are to be paid.

SAMUEL S. BROOKS,
WILLIAM W. CURRAN,
DAVID G. DAY.

Jacksonville, Ill. Nov. 11, 1837.

WHOLESALE STORE.

THE subscriber has just received from New York a VERY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED assortment of merchandize, and is now opening in the brick house on the north side of the Public Square in Jacksonville, (recently occupied by Peter J. Sowers,) which he will sell at wholesale on reasonable terms. Merchants are invited to call and examine the stock and judge for themselves. JOS. DUNCAN.

November 16, 1837. 25—d

PROSPECTUS OF

THE UNITED STATES MAGAZINE

AND DEMOCRATIC REVIEW.

ON the first of October, 1837, will be published at Washington, District of Columbia, and delivered simultaneously in the principal cities of the United States, a new Monthly Magazine, under the above title, devoted to the principles of the Democratic party.

It has long been apparent to many of the reflecting members of the Democratic party of the United States, that a periodical for the advocacy and diffusion of their political principles, similar to those in such active and influential operation in England, is a desideratum, which it was very important to supply—a periodical which should unite with the attractions of a sound and vigorous literature, a political character capable of giving efficient support to the doctrines and measures of that party, now maintained by a large majority of the people. Discussing the great questions of polity before the country, expounding and advocating the Democratic doctrine through the most able pens that that party can furnish, in articles of greater length, more condensed force, more elaborate research, and more elevated tone than is possible for the newspaper press, a Magazine of this character becomes an instrument of inappreciable value for the enlightenment and formation of public opinion, and for the support of the principles which it advocates. By these means, by thus explaining and defending the measures of the great Democratic party, and by always furnishing to the public a clear and powerful commentary upon those complex questions of policy and party which so frequently distract the country, and upon which, imperfectly understood as they often are by friends, and misrepresented and distorted as they never fail to be by political opponents, it is of the utmost importance that the public should be fully and rightfully informed, it is hoped that the periodical in question may be made to exert a beneficial, rational, and lasting influence on the public mind.

Other considerations, which cannot be too highly appreciated, will render the establishment and success of the proposed Magazine of very great importance.

In the mighty struggle of antagonist principles which is now going on in society, the Democratic party of the United States stands committed to the world as the depository and exemplar of those cardinal doctrines of political faith with which the *cause of the People* in every age and country is identified. Chiefly from the want of a convenient means of concentrating the intellectual energies of its disciples, this party has hitherto been almost wholly unrepresented in the republic of letters, while the views and policy of its opposing creeds are daily advocated by the ablest and most commanding efforts of genius and learning.

In the United States Magazine the attempt will be made to remove this reproach.

The present is the time peculiarly appropriate for the commencement of such an undertaking. The Democratic body of the Union, after a conflict which tested to the uttermost its stability and its principles, have succeeded in retaining possession of the executive administration of the country. In the consequent comparative repose from political strife, the period is auspicious for organizing and calling to its aid a new and powerful ally of this character, interfering with none and co-operating with all.

Co-ordinate with this main design of the United States Magazine, no care nor cost will be spared to render it, in a literary point of view, honorable to the country, and fit to cope in vigor of rivalry with its European competitors. Viewing the English language as the noble heritage and common birthright of all who speak the tongue of Milton and Shakspeare, it will be the uniform object of its conductors to present only the finest productions in the various branches of literature, that can be procured; and to diffuse the benefit of correct models of taste and worthy execution.

In this department the exclusiveness of party, which is inseparable from the political department of such a work, will have no place. Here we all stand on a neutral ground of equality and reciprocity, where those universal principles of taste to which we are all alike subject will alone be recognised as the common law. Our political principles cannot be compromised, but our common literature it will be our common pride to cherish and extend, with a liberality of feeling unbiassed by partial or minor views.

As the United States Magazine is founded on the broadest basis which the means and influence of the Democratic party in the United States can present, it is intended to render it in every respect a thoroughly NATIONAL WORK, not merely designed for ephemeral interest and attraction, but to continue of permanent historical value. With this view a considerable portion of each number will be appropriated to the following subjects, in addition to the general features referred to above:

A general summary of Political and of Domestic Intelligence, digested in the order of the States, comprising all the authentic important facts of the preceding month.

General Literary Intelligence, Domestic and Foreign.

General Scientific Intelligence, including Agricultural Improvements, a notice of all new Patents, &c.

A condensed account of all new works of Internal Improvement throughout the Union, preceded by a general view of all now in operation or in progress.

Military and Naval News, Promotions, Changes, Movements, &c.

Foreign Intelligence.

Biographical obituary notices of distinguished persons.

After the close of each session of Congress, an extra or an enlarged number will be published, containing a general review and history of its proceedings, a condensed abstract of important official documents, and the acts of the session.

Advantage will also be taken of the means concentrated in this establishment from all quarters of the Union, to collect and digest such extensive statistical observations on all the most important interests of the country as cannot fail to prove of very great value.

This portion of the work will be separately paged so as to admit of binding by itself, and will be furnished with a copious index, so that the United States Magazine will also constitute a COMPLETE ANNUAL REGISTER, on a scale unattempted before, and of very great importance *to all classes*, not only as affording a current and combined view, from month to month, of the subjects which it will comprise, but also for record and reference through future years; the value of which will increase with the duration of the work.

Although in its political character the United States Magazine addresses its claims to support particularly to the Democratic party, it is hoped that its other features referred to above—independently of the desirable object of becoming acquainted with the doctrines of an opponent thus advocated—will recommend it to a liberal and candid support from all parties, and from the large class of no party.

To promote the popular objects in view, and relying upon the united support of the Democratic party as well as from others, the price of subscription is fixed at the low rate of *five dollars* per annum; while in mechanical arrangements, and in size, quantity of &c.matter, the United States Magazine will be placed on a par at least with the leading monthlies of England. The whole will form three large octavo volumes each year.

The subscription will be in all cases payable in advance, or (for the first year only) *six* dollars on the delivery of the third number. The absolute necessity of this rule in such an establishment will be obvious to all.

In return for a remittance of $50, eleven copies will be sent; for $100, twenty three copies. The certificate of a postmaster of the remittance of a sum of money will be a sufficient receipt, all dangers of the mail being at the risk of the publishers.

All communications will be addressed, post paid, to the undersigned, the publishers.

LANGTREE & O'SULLIVAN,
Washington, D. C. April, 1837.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE

CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX.

SENSIBLE of the deep interest which must be felt throughout the Union in the proceedings of a new Congress, convoked by the new administration, to meet the extraordinary emergencies which have arisen since the close of Gen. JACKSON'S term of service, the undersigned have already made preparations to furnish their annual report in the form of a CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. As these successive publications comprise a full and faithful record of all that is done in Congress—sketches of the attendant discussions, with an APPENDIX containing the finished speeches prepared by the members themselves—they are suited not only to gratify the curiosity of the hour, to inform the distant constituency of the part performed by their immediate representatives, and of the result of the labors of all; but, we doubt not, they will be found permanently useful as the most authentic, complete, and convenient parliamentary record of our times. This undertaking having, with these views, been liberally patronized by the public, it is our purpose to justify this early and continued favor, by increasing the strength of our corps of Reporters at the next fall and winter Sessions. The Fall Session will be looked to by the country to settle all that has been unsettled by the overthrow of the system of Deposites as established by Congress—the overthrow of the currency as established by the Constitution—and the overthrow of the system of revenue, both as a means of adequate supply for present demands, the maintenance of manufactures, and the regulation of commerce. Every thing of pecuniary interest to the Government and the nation will be involved in the discussions of the next Congress; and it was because the President would not have those all-important subjects left to Executive discretion a moment beyond the time when a full Congress could be summoned, that the September session was convoked. The machinery of government, even when thrown out of geer, must continue to work; but when so disordered, its movement may be driven in a wrong direction. The Representatives of the people are alone competent to set all to rights. No Democratic Chief Magistrate would continue, in the condition of things at present existing, to substitute Executive expedients for clearly defined law springing from the public will.

TERMS.

For the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE, during the first two sessions of the 25th Congress - - - - - $2 00

For the APPENDIX to the Congressional Globe, during the first two sessions of the 25th Congress - $2 00

Any person sending us the money for five copies of either of the above publications, will be entitled to a copy.

Payments may be transmitted by mail, *postage paid*, at our risk. The notes of any incorporated Bank in the United States, which did not suspend specie payments before the 1st of May, 1837, will be received. But when subscribers can procure the notes of Banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

To insure all the numbers, the money must be here by the first Monday in September next.

The CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE will be sent to those papers that copy this Prospectus, if our attention shal' be directed to it by a mark with a pen. Our exchange list is so large that we would not observe it, probably, unless this be done.

☞*No attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompany it*, or unless some responsible person, known to us to be so, shall agree to pay it before the session expires.

BLAIR & RIVES.

Washington City, July 20, 1837.

NOTICE.

MIRON LESLIE AND HENRY B. McCLURE having formed a copartnership in the practice of Law and Chancery, will promptly attend to all business entrusted to their care.

Office in the Market House, next door to the Recorder's. Jacksonville, June 8—tf8

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT on South street in the town of Jacksonville. This is a very desirable tenement, neatly finished and quite commodious, one and a half stories with a basement, brick meat house, stable, corn crib, cow house, and a well of good water; lot 120 feet on south street and 180 feet back. Terms liberal, inquire of J. M'Kinney Esq., or Porter Clay & Son, at the Real Estate Agency Office.

Jacksonville, Sept. 28, 1837.—18

BARGAINS.

THE subscribers, desirous of reducing their stock of Goods, offer them at reduced prices for cash or produce. As many articles were recently bought for cash, we are enabled to give bargains, and invite our customers and the public to give us a call at the Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Israel Taggart, & Smith. Our stock consists in part of

200 pieces fancy Calicoes
50 do. blue Calicoes
2000 yards brown Sheetings
1500 do. do. Shirtings
1000 do. bleached Cottons
500 do. extra Tickings

Table Linen, Table Covers, white and colored Cambrics, white and brown Linens, Shawls, Handkerchiefs and Cravats, Flannels, apron Check, spun Cotton, Jeans,

Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

A good assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Sattinets

200 Silk Hats
100 Beaver Hats
100 White and Drab Hats
75 Men's and Boys' Cloth Caps
} *in good style and finish.*

A general assortment of *ready made Clothing*, such as Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, Stocks, &c.

400 pair men's and boys' thick Brogans
75 do. men's and boys' thick Boots
50 do. super calf Boots.

Groceries of all kinds.

WANTED,
2000 pounds BUTTER, in exchange for Goods, by POWERS & CROSBY.

STEPHEN A. DOUGLASS,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery,

WILL attend to the practice of his profession in the several counties of the first Judicial Circuit, and also in the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois.

Office in the Land Office, Springfield.

FRESH WHITE LEAD on hand, and for sale at St. Louis prices, with addition of carriage, by
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

CARPETINGS AND HEARTH RUGS.
A CHOICE assortment of Scotch and Venitian Carpetings and Hearth Rugs, for sale at reduced prices.
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

KENTUCKY JEANS for sale by
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

COLLINS & CO'S AXES at low prices.
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

8 Bales Domestic Cottons—7-8, 4-4, 5-4, and 6-4 bleached and unbleached, on hand and for sale *very low* by
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

SILK VELVETS—fancy and plain, every variety and price.
July 20—4t E. W. BROWN & CO.

CLOCK AND WATCH REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.

THE subscriber has taken a shop in the north end of the Jacksonville Hotel, at the SIGN OF THE LARGE WATCH, where he intends to carry on the above business.

Watches and Clocks of every description repaired and warranted. Jewelry &c. repaired.

Those entrusting him with their work may depend upon personal and immediate attention. D. E. BROWN.
Jacksonville, October 12, 1837.—tf—20

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
At Beardstown, Ill.

THE subscriber has just received an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., suitable for this market, which he will sell on accommodating terms, for Cash, Pork, live stock of every description, or any kind of country produce.

N. B. The highest market price will be paid in cash for Pork,—and cash advanced for Pork to be delivered during the pork season.

W. W. BABB.
Beardstown, Nov. 1, 1836. 49-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned formed on the 1st day of March last, a copartnership, under the style and firm of January, Stettinius & Brother, for the purpose of transacting a wholesale Grocery, Forwarding, and Commission Business, in this city.—They are prepared to make the customary advances on consignments.

T. T. JANUARY,
J. STETTINIUS,
D. A. JANUARY,
A. BROTHER.

St. Louis, April 22 tf1

January, Stettinius, & Brother,

No. 160, Main Street, St. Louis,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED per late arrivals, and offer for sale:

181 hhds. prime N. O. Sugar
215 sacks Coffee various kinds
217 boxes and chests hyson and g. p Teas
100 M Spanish Segars, best brands
280 boxes Malay do; 65 kegs No. 1 Tobacco
165 boxes mould and dip Candles
84 do sperm do; 75 do. bar Soap
31 do rosin soap; 39 do pine apple Cheese
100 baskets Champagne Wine
35 qr. casks Port do, 25 do dry Malaga do
27 do sherry do; 15 do red Lisbon do
18 do Madeira do; 6 half pipes Cog. Brandy
8 half pipes Champagne Brandy
12 pipes Gin, Key, Swan, &c.
18 half pipes American Brandy

Together with a great variety of other articles, constituting a very general and extensive stock of groceries, suitable for the country trade, all of which they will sell on accommodating terms. Purchasers are invited to call.

St. Louis, April 22—1 tf

Copartnership Notice.

J. A. FOSHEE would respectfully inform his customers and the public, that he has associated with him in the *Grocery Business* SANDY KING and ARMSTRONG COOPERS under the name of *J. A. FOOSHEE & CO.*—and thankful for the very liberal patronage he has heretofore received, he hopes by a strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of favors. They will keep on hand a good assortment of

LIQUORS AND FAMILY GROCERIES,

which they will sell on as good terms as can be had i this market. [Aug. 10, 1836. tf

Farmers, study your interest.
HATS! HATS!!

THE subscribers feel happy in assuring the public that they have recently made an improvement in the *manufacture of Hats*, which will render them of a superior texture, and, in point of durability, inferior to none manufactured in the country. They will sell them as cheap as they can be purchased in the State. Their hats are made by experienced workmen, as they employ no apprentices. They have now on hand,

Best Muskrat Hats,
Plain Castor do.
Napt white Russia do.
Best Silk do.

Also, an assortment of other Hats.

All orders for Hats will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

JOHN W. GOLTRA & CO.

P. S.—The subscribers will pay the highest cash prices for FURS. They will also take, in exchange for Hats, most kinds of country produce.

April 21—1tf J. W. G. & Co.

T. White's Toothache Drops.

THE only specific ever offered to the public from which a permanent and radical cure may be obtained of that disagreeable pain, the Tooth-ache, with all its attendant evils; such as fracturing the Jaw in extracting the Teeth, which often proves more painful than the Tooth-ache itself, and cold passing from the decayed Teeth to the Jaw, thence to the head, producing a rheumatic affection, with many other unpleasant effects, such as a disagreeable breath, &c.; all of which are produced from foul or decayed Teeth.

I am happy to have it in my power to offer to the world a remedy that will not only remove the pain nine times out of ten, if properly applied, but preserve the teeth from further decay, and arrest the disease in such as are decaying and have not commenced aching, restoring them to health and usefulness.

ERIE, PA., Oct. 17, 1832.—The subscribers having witnessed the pleasing effects of Dr. Thomas White's Vegetable Tooth-ache Drops, feel a pleasure in recommending it to those that are afflicted with the tooth ache, as a safe and in most cases perfectly efficient remedy for the disorder.

A. BEEBE, Physician,
A. L. HARVEY, Ed. Erie Observer
ALBERT THAYER, Physician,
O. N. SAGE, Dentist.

VEGETABLE RHEUMATIC DROPS.

MANY articles are before the public, as a cure for that most obstinate and tormenting disease, the Rheumatism; and from close observation we are led to believe, that they have, to a very great extent, failed to produce that desirable result: and may it not be attribute to the fact, that articles said to cure this troublesome disorder, are also recommended to cure almost every disease with which our frail bodies are attacked; and in their preparation that object is kept in view, viz: to have the medicine a cure for all diseases.

The Vegetable Rheumatic Drops are offered to the public as a remedy for Rheumatism, and as no case is known where a perfect cure was not effected, we are justified in declaring it a valuable medicine for that painful disease, and for no other is it recommended.

Certificates of important cures and directions for use accompanying each bottle. Price 50 cents.

A fresh supply just received and for sale by D. B. AYERS & CO., Jacksonvile, P. C. CANADY & CO.; Springfield, and JOHN EVANS, Carrollton.

LA MOTT'S COUGH DROPS.

VALUABLE MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION

THIS Elixir, in its original form of prescription, has stood the test of twenty years experience, in the general use of it, and is now offered, with the addition of some articles from the vegetable kingdom the virtues which, have been fully attested and highly appreciated, which render this composition peculiarly adapted to the present prevailing disorders of the breast and lungs, leading to consumption. Common colds and coughs, which are occasioned by obstructed perspiration, will readily yield to its influence, removing those troublesome irritations, which act as a constant stimulant to coughing. It eases pain, and induces rest to an eminent degree. Persons afflicted with pulmonary complaints, bleeding of the longs, &c., spasmodic asthma, palpitation of the heart, and consumptive affections, even in the most advanced periods of life, will find immediate relief, from its remarkable power of diminishing irritability of the system; and the velocity of the circulation, and by cleansing and healing the disordered parts. It also affords immediate relief in the hooping cough.

☞Be particular that each bottle has those letters stamped on it: LA MOTT'S COUGH DROPS, PREPARED BY O. CROSBY & BROTHERS," and enveloped in a Check Plate, which is struck on the bill with the directions Each large bottle contains fifty doses. Price, one dollar for large, and fifty cents for small bottles

Certificates of important cures and directions for use accompany each bottle.

A fresh supply just received and for sale by D. B AYERS & CO. Jacksonville, P. C. CANADY & CO Springfield, and JOHN EVANS, Carrollton.

1475 BARRELS KEN. SALT.
Also, 100 Sacks Ground Alum Salt, in store and for sale by BROTHER & CONN.
Meredosia, June 29—11tf

WINDOW GLASS—a large stock at St. Louis prices and carriage. E. W. BROWN & CO.
July 20—4t

"He who by the plough would thrive,
Himself must either hold or drive."

DAILY LINE!

Meredosia and Jacksonville,

THE undersigned take this method of informing travellers, and the public generally, that they have commenced running a DAILY LINE OF POST COACHES, between MEREDOSIA and JACKSONVILLE, leaving Meredosia every day at 8 o'clock, A. M. and leaving Jacksonville every day at 1 P. M.

THROUGH IN TWO AND A HALF HOURS!

Meredosia is the *nearest* point on the Illinois river to Jacksonville, and is designated as the crossing place of the great Western Railroad to the Mississippi. From Jacksonville, there are regular lines of four-horse stages twice a week, through Beardstown, Rushville, Mount Sterling, Clayton and Columbus, to Quincy; three times a week through Springfield, Tremont and Peoria, to Galena, Ottawa and Chicago; also through Springfield to Terre Haute; also through Springfield to either Vandalia or St. Louis; three times a week from Jacksonville to St. Louis, direct, via Manchester, White Hall, Carrollton, Jerseyville, and Alton, through in 36 hours; and twice a week direct through Hillsborough and Vandalia, intersecting the Vincennes and St. Louis line at Salem. By this it will be seen that the facilities for the conveyance of travellers from Meredosia, through Jacksonville, to all the other important towns in the State, are unsurpassed by any other point on the river.

The proprietors have a comfortable two-horse carriage for the conveyance of passengers to any place that may be desired.

They have also a large and commodious

PUBLIC HOUSE,

Just above the steamboat landing, where they will be happy to provide travellers and others with the best the country affords, and on as good terms.

As one of the firm will devote the whole of his attention to the conveyance of passengers, and the other to the wants and comfort of their guests, they feel confident in being able to give, as they intend to deserve, universal satisfaction.

☞They have an empty private house, with several apartments, comfortably fitted up, for the accommodation of families who may wish to remain in Meredosia a few days till they can make arrangements for their ultimate residence or location.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, they respectfully solicit a continuance.

J. H. & G. W. FINCH, Proprietors.
May 5, 1837.—3 tf

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

JUST RECEIVED, an assortment of WATCHES and JEWELRY, among which may be found

LEVER, LEPINE & VERTICAL WATCHES,

Gold fob Chains, gentlemen and ladies gold Guard Chains, gold Scrolland Guard Keys; plain, coral, jet, enameled and cornelian Ear Rings; plain, chased, pearlset, motto enameled, and friendship Rings; together with a large assortment of Hkf. Pins, Silver Combs, Silver Pencils, &c. &c.

☞Clocks and Watches repaired, and warranted as usual.

N. B.—Cash paid for old Gold and Silver.

B. R. HOUGHTON.
Jacksonville, April 22, 1837—1 tf

CASSIMRES AND CASSINETS.

50 Pieces assorted Cassimeres and Cassinets for sale by E. W. BROWN & CO.

LAW NOTICE.

J. Lamborn & R. Yates, have entered into partnership in the practice of the law. Their office is on Main street, north of the public square, where one or both of them may always be found ready to transact any business that may be entrusted to them, with promptness and fidelity.

Jacksonville, May 24, 1837.

☞Those indebted to J. Lamborn, for business heretofore transacted, are requested to make immediate payment to him.

6tf

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL.

THE subscriber would beg leave to inform the public, that he has taken the TAVERN HOUSE lately occupied by

Maj. Wm. Miller, and known as the JACKSONVILLE HOTEL, situated on the west side of the Public Square and corner of State Street, in the town of Jacksonville; where he hopes from the situation of the house, its size, and convenience to the business part of the town, to be able to accommodate all who may be pleased to favor him with their custom.

He has also (in connexion with the house) large and convenient stabling, for the accommodation of travellers horses, to which department every attention shall be given by an honest and attentive ostler. WM. C. SCOTT.

Jacksonville, October 12, 1837.—3m.—20

MANSION HOUSE,

And General Stage Office,

State Street, West of the Public Square, Jacksonville,

THE subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he has resumed the above establishment, and would inform his friends, and patrons heretofore, that he would be pleased to welcome them once more to his house. Having furnished the above establishment entirely new, and having it now undergoing thorough repair, he flatters himself that he will be able to render general satisfaction to those pleased to give him a call. J. HESLEP.

Jacksonville, October 19, 1837.—3w.—21.

NAPLES FERRY.

TRAVELLERS, and the public generally, are respectfully informed that the Horse Ferry Boat at Naples is now in operation, under the superintendence of a competent and careful ferryman, and they may rest assured that no labor or pains will be spared to give the most perfect satisfaction. The boat is new and substantial, and may be considered as safe as it possibly can be made. Naples is the nearest and best route from Jacksonvile to Quincy, and travellers will find as good accommodations on this road as on any other in the State. The terms of Ferriage are as low as at any other ferry on the Illinois river—A share of the travelling custom is respectfully solicited.

JOHN MANCHESTER.
Naples, Oct. 19, 1837. 21-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Thomas J Cox, dec'd., late of the County of Morgan, and State of Illinois, are hereby notified that I shall attend before the Judge of Probate for Morgan County, at his office in Jacksonville, on the 16th day of Dec. next, to make a final settlement of said estate, when and where all persons interested will attend, if they think proper, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to the Judge of Probate or to the undersigned MICAJAH COX, Adm'r. of the estate of Thomas J. Cox.

Oct. 26, 1837.—6t.—22.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Circuit Court of Morgan County, made at the October term, 1837, I will attend at my own house in Morgan County, Illinois, on the 30th of November, next, between the hours of ten A. M. and five P. M., and offer for sale at Public vendue, the West half, of the West half, of the South West quarter of section number thirty-four, in township number fifteen North, range number thirteen west, of the third principle meredian. A credit of six months will be given. Note with good security and mortgage on the premises will be required of the purchaser.

JAMES C. WALKER, Ex'r.
Oct. 26, 1837.—6w-22. of Leander J. Walker.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons are forewarned from trading for a note executed by me to Joel Gesford, for $1025 62½, dated the 18th September, 1837, or thereabouts, and payable the 16th March, 1838, and on which is a credit of about $160. The consideration of said note has failed, and I will not pay the same unless compelled by law. ALEXANDER BEALL.

November 2, 1837. 23-a*

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

ON the thirteenth of November next, in Beardstown, Cass county, at the dwelling of Henry Kimball, deceased, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 P. M. will be offered at public auction, all the personal property of said estate consisting of Groceries, Household and Kitchen Furniture. Also, a lot of Bacon, and many other articles too tedious to mention. THOMAS WILBOURN,
Adm'r on the estate of Henry Kimball, dec'd.
Beardstown, October 26, 1837. 22-tds

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having taken out letters of administration from the Court of Probate of Cass County, Illinois, on the estate of Elisha Carr, dec'd., late of the county aforesaid; requests all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to him, or the Court of Probate of said county for settlement, within nine months from the date thereof; all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. JAMES CARR, Adm'r.
Oct. 26, 1837.—4w-22 of Elisha Carr dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has taken out letters of administration on the estate of Henry Kimball, deceased, late of Cass county, Ill., dated October 17th, 1837.—All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and all having claims against said estate are required to present them for adjustment within nine months from this date. If not presented within two years they will be for ever barred. THOMAS WILBOURN, Adm'r.
Cass county, Oct. 26, 1837. 22-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of Orson P. Cobb, deceased, late of Morgan county, Ill, are hereby notified that I will attend before the Probate Justice of the Peace for the county aforesaid, for the purpose of making a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, on the third Monday of December next, when and where all persons having claims against said estate will present them for settlement; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment either to the undersigned, or to the Probate Justice aforesaid on or before the above day, and save costs. D. D. WHITE, Executor.
November 2d, 1837. 23—f

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the circuit court of Morgan county at the October term, 1837, I will on the 16th day of December next, attend at the house of James Howell, in Morgan county, Illinois, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and six o'clock, P. M. and offer for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six months, the following tracts of land whereof G. H. Mier died possessed, to wit; the west half of the north-west quarter of section 32; also the west fractional part of the north-west quarter of section 30, township number seventeen, north of range 11 west. The purchaser will be required to execute a note with personal security, and mortgage on the premises to secure the payment. JA'S. HOWELL, Adm'r.
November 2, 1837. 23-f

In the Circuit Court of Pike County, and State of Illinois, of September Term 1837. Sitting in Chancery.

Alfred Grubb,
vs.
James M. Seely, administrator of Samuel McGarey, deceased, and Robert B. Brown, and Elizabeth his wife, Margaret McGarey, Strother McGarey, William McGarey, Austin McGarey, Frances N. McGarey, Catherine McGarey, heirs at law of Samuel McGarey.
} Bill for a specific performance.

AND now at the term aforesaid, upon the fourth day of the term, the complainant by William A. Grimshaw, his solicitor, appeared in court, and filed an affidavit proving the non-residence of Margaret McGarey, Strother McGarey, William McGarey, Austin McGarey, Frances N. McGarey, Catherine McGarey, heirs at law aforesaid, and some of the defendants named in the bill aforesaid; it was thereupon ordered and decreed by the court, that notice be given for the space of four weeks in some public newspaper of the State of Illinois, once in each and every week, of the pendency of this suit and that unless the defendants aforesaid be and appear before the court aforesaid upon the first Monday of April next, at Pittsfield, in the county of Pike, and State of Illinois, and then and there file their answer to complainant's bill, the prayer thereof will be taken for confessed, and the matters and things therein prayed to be decreed, will be decreed accordingly. Attest:
JAMES DAVIS, Clerk.
November 2d, 1837. 23—d

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } Sct.
PIKE COUNTY, }

In Circuit Court, Sept. Term, A. D. 1837.

Langford Greene, } In Chancery.
vs.
Daniel Gardiner. }

THIS day came the complainant by Whitney, his solicitor, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, by the affidavit of Daniel H. Gray, that the defendant, Daniel Gardiner is not an inhabitant of this State, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court; it is therefore ordered on motion of the complainant's solicitor, that unless the said defendant shall personally be and appear before the Judge of the said court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Pittsfield on the first Monday in the month of April next, to answer the said complainant's bill, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and the matters and things therein contained be decreed accordingly.

A true copy—Attest— JAMES DAVIS, Cl'k.
November 2d, 1837.—23—d

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
PIKE COUNTY. }

In Circuit Court, September Term, 1837.

David Scranton, } In Chancery.
vs.
William E. Simms. }

THIS day came the complainant, by Whitney, his solicitor, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, from the affidavit of J. W. Whitney, that the defendant, William E. Simms, is not an inhabitant of the State, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, it is therefore ordered, on mot on of the said complainant's solicitor, that unless the said defendant shall be and appear before the judge of the said court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Pittsfield, on the first Monday in the month of April next, to answer the said complainant's bill, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and the matters and things therein contained be decreed accordingly.

A true copy, attest; JAMES DAVIS, Clerk.
November 2, 1837. 23—d

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
PIKE COUNTY. }

In Circuit Court, September Term, 1837.

Henry Taylor, Administrator, and Eliza Anne Laudale, Administratrix of James Laudale, deceased. } Petition for sale of Real Estate.

THE petitioners, by Bush their attorney, this day presented their petition, praying an order to sell the real estate of said deceased, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the debts due from said estate; thereupon, upon motion of the petitioner's attorney, it is ordered, that notice of the presentation of this petition be published in some newspaper printed within this State, and that the matters and things contained therein will be tried at the next term of the circuit court for said county, to be holden at Pittsfield on the first Monday in April next.

A true copy attest, JAMES DAVIS, Clerk.
November 2, 1837. 23—d

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
PIKE COUNTY. }

In Circuit Court, to April Term, 1838.

Marshal Key, } Bill in Chancery.
vs.
Thomas T. Beattie. }

THE complainant, by Lamborn, his solicitor, this day filed his bill in the above cause, and also an affidavit of the said Marshal Key, showing that the defendant, Thomas T. Beattie, is not a resident of this State; now unless the said defendant shall personally be and appear before the judge of the said court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Pittsfield on the first Monday in the month of April next, to answer the said complainant's bill, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and the matters and things therein contained be decreed accordingly.

A true copy: attest, JAMES DAVIS, Clerk.
November 2, 1837. 23-d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

I WILL attend at the court of Probate of Pike county, State of Illinois, at Pittsfield, upon the first Monday in the month of January, A. D. 1838, when and where all persons having claims against the estate of Alfred Watson, deceased, late of Pike county, are hereby requested to attend to have the same adjusted and settled; and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment of the debts now due.

WM. A. GRIMSHAW, Adm'r.
of Alfred Watson, and public administrator of Pike co. Ill.
Pittsfield, Nov. 2, 1837. 23-d

DISSOLUTION.

THE late firm of *A. & C. R. Willson*, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by *A. Willson*, at the old stand. All claims against the said firm must be presented to him, and all debts owing and due will be settled on presentation to him. A. WILLSON,
Jacksonville, Nov. 8, 1837. c C. R. WILLSON.